CASE NO. SCSL-2004-15-T TRIAL CHAMBER I THE PROSECUTOR OF THE SPECIAL COURT V. ISSA SESAY MORRIS KALLON AUGUSTINE GBAO

THURSDAY, 14 OCTOBER 2004 9. 44A. M TRI AL

Before the Judges:

Benjamin Mutanga Itoe, Presiding Bankole Thompson Pierre Boutet

For Chambers:

Ms Candice Welsch Mr Matteo Crippa

For the Registry:

Ms Maureen Edmonds Mr Geoff Walker

For the Prosecution:

- Mr Peter Harrison
- Ms Melissa Pack
- Mr Christopher Dunn (intern)
- Mr Bobby Gboyor (Case Manager)

For the Principal Defender:

Ms Haddijatou Kah-Jallow

For the accused Issa Sesay:

Mr Wayne Jordash Ms Sareta Ashraph

For the accused Morris Kallon:

Mr Shekou Touray

- Mr Melron Nicol-Wilson
- For the accused Augustine Gbao:

Mr John Cammegh Mr Ben Holden

1 [Thursday, 14 October 2004] 2 [Accused Sesay and Kallon entered Court] 3 [The accused Gbao not present] 4 [Open session] 09: 23: 33 5 [Upon commencing at 9.44 a.m.] 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning, learned counsel, we are 7 resuming our session. We are supposed to be moving on to 8 calling a new prosecution witness this morning. 9 MR HARRISON: That's correct. 09:44:55 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: With special technical devices, you know, put in place for purposes of recording the evidence. 11 12 MR HARRISON: That's correct. 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. 14 MR HARRISON: But before the witness is brought in, I'm asking 09: 45: 09 15 that the Court go into a closed session to deal with some 16 introductory information about the next witness. I have discussed this matter with the Defence counsel already, 17 18 and my understanding -- they can be canvassed on the 19 point, but my understanding is this application would be 09: 45: 26 20 by consent. JUDGE THOMPSON: Learned counsel for the Prosecution, could 21 22 you now state your application? MR HARRISON: The application is for the Court to go into a 23 24 closed session, so that information regarding the next 09:46:45 25 witness could be canvassed, such information regarding 26 his identity. JUDGE THOMPSON: And after -- yes? 27 28 MR HARRISON: For the guidance of the Court --JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes. 29

	1	MR HARRISON: I anticipate it being roughly 15 minutes of
	2	closed session.
	3	JUDGE THOMPSON: Right.
	4	MR HARRISON: Ten to 15 minutes.
09: 47: 13	5	JUDGE THOMPSON: Okay, thank you. Learned counsel for the
	6	Defence?
	7	MR JORDASH: There's no opposition to that application, and
	8	I've just had an indication from the third accused that
	9	there is no objection from him either.
09: 47: 26	10	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, and what about learned counsel for the
	11	second?
	12	MR NICOL-WILSON: No objection, Your Honour.
	13	JUDGE THOMPSON: No objection, thanks. Learned counsel, the
	14	application is granted. And I would wish to inform
09: 48: 13	15	members of the gallery that this Chamber is about to move
	16	into closed session, and, to be realistic, we want to put
	17	a timing of 30 minutes. You can come back in 30 minutes
	18	time, thank you.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: I want members of the gallery to understand
09: 48: 36	20	that, you know, closed sessions are part of the judicial
	21	procedures of international tribunals like this, and that
	22	if we are doing it, it is to respect, you know, certain
	23	rules of procedure, and in this particular case, of
	24	course, it's been done in total agreement by counsel for
09: 48: 53	25	the parties who understand why we are moving into closed
	26	sessi on.
	27	We are sorry we have to keep moving you in and out,
	28	but this is part of the procedure. You can come back in
	29	30 minutes, please.

SESAY ET AL 14 OCTOBER 2004 OPEN SESSION

1	[At this point in the proceedings, a portion of the
2	transcript, pages 4 to 17, was extracted and sealed under
3	separate cover, as the session was heard in Camera]
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1 [Open session] 2 JUDGE THOMPSON: Will the technicians confirm that we are now fully in open session? Right. Then learned counsel for 3 4 the Prosecution, please proceed. 10: 16: 20 5 MR HARRISON: 6 0. Witness, we're going to start from the 25th of May 1997. 7 Do you recall the coup taking place at that time? 8 Yes. A. 9 Q. And you know that there was an overthrow of the 10:16:39 10 government at that time; is that right? 11 A. Yes. Q. The term "junta" has been used in the past. Are you 12 13 familiar with that term? 14 JUDGE THOMPSON: Could you just hold on, please. Will the 10:17:07 15 experts make sure that we have all the facilities in 16 place for this session. JUDGE BOUTET: Which means, so there is a clear understanding 17 18 from the technicians, that we are in an open session, the 19 voice of the witness is to be distorted for the public 10:17:29 20 and not distorted for this section. In other words, that 21 the Chamber, the judges, Prosecution and Defence, 22 everybody should hear the voice of the witness undistorted. It should be distorted only for the public. 23 And I'm -- we are informed that the voice is not 24 10:17:52 25 distorted at this moment for the public. Please confirm. 26 Thank you, Mr Presiding Judge. 27 JUDGE THOMPSON: We are advised that the voice distortion 28 mechanism is on. Learned counsel, proceed. MR HARRISON: I think I'll just cover the first couple of 29

	1		questions again, if I could.
	2	Q.	You're aware of the coup taking place in Sierra Leone on
	3		the 25th of May 1997?
	4	A.	Yes.
10: 18: 41	5	Q.	And the word "junta", that means something to you,
	6		doesn't it?
	7	A.	Yes.
	8	Q.	Perhaps you could describe in your own words what "junta"
	9		means when you use it?
10: 18: 54	10	A.	Well, to me the word "junta" is used on those that made
	11		the coup. So and the I mean Revolutionary United
	12		Front made the coup.
	13	Q.	And do you know who the leaders of the coup were?
	14	A.	Yes.
10: 19: 20	15	Q.	Perhaps you should just wait a minute, there's a
	16		telephone ringing.
	17	PRES	IDING JUDGE: I said it yesterday, that we might run into
	18		problems once in a while. Five minutes, you say? So
	19		what do you want us to do? Do you want us to rise for
10: 19: 50	20		five minutes or to sit in here? Well, I suppose we have
	21		to rise, you know, so that things can be put right.
	22		We'll rise for five minutes, please.
	23		[Break taken at 10.24 a.m.]
	24		[On resuming at 10.46 a.m.]
10: 44: 02	25	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Right, learned counsel, we are resuming the
	26		session. Mr Harrison, I hope that you have a good
	27		mastery of the technology to be able to proceed.
	28	MR H	ARRISON: My mastery is not all that
	29	PRES	IDING JUDGE: I wish you luck.

	1	MR HARRISON: Thank you.
	2	PRESIDING JUDGE: Right.
	3	MR HARRISON: Perhaps it's helpful if I just recommence from
	4	where I started. I'm not sure what was on the record and
10: 44: 27	5	what wasn't. At any rate
	6	JUDGE THOMPSON: Be safer to do that.
	7	PRESIDING JUDGE: Well, you know, what was on the record, you
	8	know, is that there was a coup on the 27th of May and he
	9	said the government was overthrown. He defined the word
10: 44: 35	10	"junta" to mean those who were responsible for the
	11	overthrow of the government.
	12	MR HARRISON: That being clear, I'll just proceed from there.
	13	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, that is, I think, up to where he went.
	14	MR HARRISON:
10: 44: 50	15	Q. Witness, are you able to tell the Court who the leaders
	16	of the coup were?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. Could you please state the names that you recall?
	19	A. Leader of the coup was his excellency, the President
10: 45: 08	20	Johnny Paul Koroma.
	21	MR JORDASH: I'm very sorry, but it's this witness' voice
	22	is distorted for those inside the Court.
	23	JUDGE BOUTET: Yes. You his voice, Mr Jordash, you should
	24	listen on the speaker that is on your desk.
10: 45: 28	25	MR JORDASH: Oh, okay. On here, okay.
	26	JUDGE BOUTET: That is where that voice is supposed to come to
	27	you. But I suggest you keep your earphones, because when
	28	the Prosecutor is speaking he speaks in the mike you're

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going to hear that from -- so it's a very complex,

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	1	convoluted system, so let's try to get adjusted to do it.
	2	MR JORDASH: Thank you.
	3	JUDGE BOUTET: So the witness speaks through a mike that comes
	4	to you in the speaker here; the speaker that you have on
10: 45: 54	5	your desk in front of you. Mr Touray, you have one of
	6	those yes, you do. So that is how the voice is
	7	supposed to come to you.
	8	MR JORDASH: Thank you.
	9	JUDGE BOUTET: Let's see.
10: 46: 05	10	MR HARRISON: Perhaps what I'll try to do is I'll try to speak
	11	as loud a voice as I can. Defence counsel can indicate
	12	to me if they cannot hear me, and I'll try and speak even
	13	louder, in which case they're not having to have the
	14	earphones on and listen to the speakers at the same time.
10: 46: 20	15	JUDGE BOUTET: And I just want to make sure that the accused
	16	will get the voice of the witness through translation,
	17	because the it is being translated from English to
	18	Krio I imagine, because, I think it's Krio. So that's
	19	the way it should be done. So, Mr Sesay and Mr Kallon,
10: 46: 45	20	you do hear the translation of the witness in Krio?
	21	THE ACCUSED KALLON: No, sir.
	22	JUDGE BOUTET: You don't?
	23	MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honour, Mr Kallon is
	24	PRESIDING JUDGE: Can somebody check their microphones,
10: 47: 09	25	please. They should at least they should get the
	26	translation. It's important that they follow the
	27	testimony. Are you all right now?

- 28 JUDGE BOUTET: Mr Kallon, speak in your mike, please.
- 29 THE ACCUSED KALLON: I prefer to -- to hear in English.

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1	JUDGE BOUTET: In English?
2	THE ACCUSED KALLON: Yes, sir.
3	PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay.
4	THE ACCUSED KALLON: But the the witness voice the
10: 47: 29 5	witness voice destructed [sic] in my microphone.
6	JUDGE BOUTET: Yes. Well, we'll see you if you can hear.
7	I mean, you have you will hear the voice of the
8	witness through the speaker that is on your counsel's
9	desk. So tell us if you you will not hear that
10: 47: 52 10	through the earphone, because when the witness is
11	speaking, if you hear you listen through the earphone,
12	you're going to hear a distorted voice. If you don't
13	want to hear the distorted voice, you have to listen to
14	the speakers that are on the desk in front of you.
10: 48: 05 15	THE ACCUSED KALLON: Thank you, Your Honour.
10: 48: 05 15 16	THE ACCUSED KALLON: Thank you, Your Honour. JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties,
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16	JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties,
16 17	JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it.
16 17 18	JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it. Thank you. Let us see again.
16 17 18 19	JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it. Thank you. Let us see again. MR HARRISON:
16 17 18 19 10: 48: 25 20	<pre>JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it. Thank you. Let us see again. MR HARRISON: Q. Witness, I'm wanting to canvass with you if the names</pre>
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16 17 18 19 10: 48: 25 20 21 22 23	 JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it. Thank you. Let us see again. MR HARRISON: Q. Witness, I'm wanting to canvass with you if the names of the leaders of the coup? A. Yes. I know the 16 members that had made the coup. PRESIDING JUDGE: Is the gallery getting the evidence? The
16 17 18 19 10: 48: 25 20 21 22 23 24	 JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it. Thank you. Let us see again. MR HARRISON: Q. Witness, I'm wanting to canvass with you if the names of the leaders of the coup? A. Yes. I know the 16 members that had made the coup. PRESIDING JUDGE: Is the gallery getting the evidence? The gallery's getting the evidence, right, okay. In a
16 17 18 19 10: 48: 25 20 21 22 23 24 10: 48: 57 25	 JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it. Thank you. Let us see again. MR HARRISON: Q. Witness, I'm wanting to canvass with you if the names of the leaders of the coup? A. Yes. I know the 16 members that had made the coup. PRESIDING JUDGE: Is the gallery getting the evidence? The gallery's getting the evidence, right, okay. In a distorted voice. Yes.
16 17 18 19 10: 48: 25 20 21 22 23 24 10: 48: 57 25 26	 JUDGE BOUTET: Okay. But if you're running into difficulties, let your counsel know and we'll see how we can adjust it. Thank you. Let us see again. MR HARRISON: Q. Witness, I'm wanting to canvass with you if the names of the leaders of the coup? A. Yes. I know the 16 members that had made the coup. PRESIDING JUDGE: Is the gallery getting the evidence? The gallery's getting the evidence, right, okay. In a distorted voice. Yes. JUDGE BOUTET: Is the voice you hear a clear voice or it's

1	voice of the witness.
2	PRESIDING JUDGE: The voice of the witness.
3	JUDGE BOUTET: It's clear? No?
4	PRESIDING JUDGE: It means the voice is not distorted to the
10: 49: 21 5	public. We are not yet there. We don't appear to be
6	there.
7	JUDGE THOMPSON: The technology's failing then.
8	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes.
9	JUDGE THOMPSON: Let's find out from them over there directly.
10: 49: 31 10) JUDGE BOUTET: Yes, Mr Jordash?
11	MR JORDASH: They appear to be saying that the voice is
12	distorted.
13	JUDGE THOMPSON: That's what they're saying?
14	JUDGE BOUTET: It is?
10: 49: 35 15	5 MR JORDASH: Yes.
16	B JUDGE BOUTET: Okay, thank you.
17	JUDGE THOMPSON: Well, then, that's correct. That's what we
18	want for the gallery. We don't want distortion for us
19	here.
10: 49: 45 20) MR JORDASH: No. What isn't happening is any voice coming out
21	of my speaker.
22	2 JUDGE BOUTET: That's fine.
23	JUDGE THOMPSON: [Overlapping speakers]
24	JUDGE BOUTET: This is not your voice we want distorted; it's
10: 49: 54 25	the voice of the witness only.
26	MR JORDASH: Oh, right, I'm there.
27	JUDGE THOMPSON: That's it, yeah.
28	JUDGE BOUTET: We'll get there. Thank you.
29	JUDGE THOMPSON: I think for an abundance of caution, before

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1		we proceed further, let's confirm whether the gallery is
2		getting an undistorted voice or distorted voice. Could
3		the technicians help us?
4	DDF	SIDING JUDGE: The security sitting in the gallery, could
	I NLA	
10: 50: 33 5		you confirm, you know, whether you're getting the
6		witness' voice in a distorted form, please. But he needs
7		to speak, you know, so that I think you better put the
8		question to him again. Just wait and let's see. The
9		security should wait in that room. Let's see, please.
10: 50: 53 10		Yes, Mr Harrison, could you please put the question to
11		him again.
12	MR I	HARRI SON:
13	Q.	Witness, can you state who the members of the coup were?
14	A.	Yes, I could state them. And they are 16 in number;
10: 51: 08 15		that's two parts in the group.
16	Q.	Can you indicate the names, please?
17	A.	Yes. First was the chairman of the the AFRC
18		government, called Major Johnny Paul Koroma. Two, is
19		Zagalo. I know his alias name; I don't know his first
10: 51: 43 20		name. He's called Zagalo. And, three, you have Alex
21		Tamba Brima. Four, you have Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara. Five,
22		you have Samuel Kargbo. Six, you have Biyoh Sesay.
23		Seven, you have Momoh, a.k.a. Dotti. Eight, you have
24		Tamba Gborie. Nine, you have Abdul Sesay. Ten, you have
10: 52: 33 25		Woyoh. Eleven, you have Sullay Falaba. Twelve, you have
26		George Adams. Thirteen, you have Lager. Fourteen, you
27		have not known to now, forgotten the two names.
28	Q.	I'll just put it to you. Does the name or the alias
29		Leather Boots mean anything to you?
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Yes. Why does that mean something to you? Because he was part of the 16 men. And does the name or the alias Bomb Blast mean anything to you? His full name is Hassan Papa Bangura, a.k.a. Bomb Blast.

- 10: 53: 35 10 And you mentioned the name Lager. I take it that was an Q. 11 alias?
 - 12 A. Say again.
 - 13 Q. You mentioned the name Lager, is that an alias?
 - 14 A. Yes.
- 10: 53: 43 15 0. Do you know that person's birth name?
 - 16 A. No.

17 Q. The leaders of the coup, did they ultimately take part --18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Just -- just a minute. The security of the 19 gallery, how is the voice? How are you getting the voice 10: 54: 02 20 over there, please? It is okay, it is distorted? The 21 voice of the witness -- of the witness, when he was 22 enumerating the names of the leaders. Was the voice 23 distorted or it was normal? 24 JUDGE BOUTET: Mr Dolphin at the back in the gallery, was it

- 10: 54: 28 25 distorted or not? He was, okay.
 - 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay.
 - 27 MR HARRISON:
 - Q. Does the alias Five-Five mean anything to you? 28
 - 29 A. Yes.

- A. 2
 - Q.
 - 3 A.
- 4 Q.
- 10: 53: 24 5

1

- 6 Yes. A.
- Q. 7 And why is that?
- 8 A.
- 9 He's one of the 16 men.

	1	Q.	Can you tell the Court why?
	2	A.	He is called Santigie Kanu, alias Five-Five. He's one of
	3		the 16 men that took part in the coup.
	4	Q.	Did these members of the coup ultimately form a ruling
10: 54: 58	5		body for Sierra Leone?
	6	A.	Yes.
	7	Q.	What was the name of that ruling body?
	8	A.	Well, the name of the ruling body is the Armed Forces
	9		Revolutionary Council, the AFRC.
10: 55: 12	10	Q.	Do you know who the leaders of the AFRC were?
	11	A.	The chairman of the AFRC was Major Johnny Paul Koroma,
	12		who was the president. And, two, was Foday Saybana
	13		Sankoh, who was not present; he was at Nigeria. So in
	14		his absence Sam Bockarie, alias Mosquito, takes his
10: 55: 46	15		pl ace.
	16	Q.	And in the event Mr Bockarie is absent, would someone
	17		take his place?
	18	A.	Yes. In the absence of Sam Bockarie alias Mosquito, Issa
	19		Sesay takes his place.
10: 56: 05	20	Q.	As part of the governing structure, was there something
	21		known as a PLO?
	22	A.	Yes.
	23	Q.	Could you describe for the Court what a PLO was and who
	24		they were?
10: 56: 30	25	A.	The PLOs, they are the principal liaison officers. We
	26		have 1, 2 and 3.
	27	Q.	The PLO 1, do you know the name of that person?
	28	A.	The PLO 1's name is Abu Zagalo.
	29	Q.	What did the PLO 1 do?

	1	A.	The PLO 1 has certain ministries that are under his
	2		supervision, and through him he goes to reports to the
	3		president.
	4	Q.	Do you know what those ministries were?
10: 57: 34	5	A.	Well, yes, I can recall some of the ministries that were
	6		under the PLO 1 and the Honourables I can recall
	7		recollect that we are under the PLO 1.
	8	Q.	Please tell the Court who they were.
	9	A.	The PLO 1 had Tamba Gborie and Honourable Tamba
10: 58: 07	10		Gborie; and he also had Woyoh; and, number three, he had
	11		Abdul Sesay. And those I could recollect.
	12	Q.	And the names of the ministries under the PLO 1?
	13	A.	Well, the names of the ministries under the PLO 1 I
	14		cannot say.
10: 58: 51	15	Q.	Who was the PLO 2?
	16	A.	The PLO 2 was Alex Tamba Brima, alias Gullit.
	17	Q.	Did he oversee ministries?
	18	A.	Yes.
	19	Q.	Tell the Court which ones.
10: 59: 25	20	A.	The ministries that Tamba Brima oversees, I cannot tell
	21		now, but the Honourables that were under Alex Tamba Brima
	22		I could say.
	23	Q.	Before you do that, tell the Court what you mean when you
	24		use the word "Honourables".
10: 59: 55	25	A.	Well, the Honourables are all the 16 men that partake on
	26		the coup plans. So that was why they call them all
	27		Honourabl es.
	28	Q.	And are you able to say who those were under the PLO 2?
	29	A.	Yes. Under the PLO 2 we have Honourable Samuel Kargbo;

1		you have Momoh, alias Dotti; you have you have Sullay
2		Falaba; you have Abdul Sesay. Those I can recollect.
3	Q.	Can you tell us who the PLO 3 was?
4	A.	The principal liaison officer 3 was Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara.
11:01:32 5	Q.	What was he responsible for?
6	A.	He has some Honourables that are under his supervision
7		and the ministries that he supervise.
8	Q.	Can you tell the Court the names of the ministries?
9	A.	Yes, the Energy and Power was under the PLO 3, and the
11: 02: 04 10		Honourable that was in charge of the Energy and Power is
11		called Hassan Papa Bangura. And you have the Marine
12		Resources, you have Foday Kallay. And he have the Queen
13		Elizabeth Ports and the Customs, you have Biyoh. And the
14		State Lottery you have I think those I can't remember.
11:03:01 15	Q.	I'm going to show you a document, copies of which have
16		already been given to Defence counsel, and I'll pass it
17		up to the Court clerk now, if I can.
18		[HS141004B 11.07 a.m.]
19	MR I	HARRISON: This is a document which was produced by the
20		Prosecution some time ago and it is also one that is
21		referred to in the judicial notice decision. It is from
22		the Sierra Leone Gazette, the date is the 13th sorry,
23		the 18th September 1997 and it is issue number 54 of the
24		Gazette. In the judicial notice decision, this is one of
25		the documents that notice was taken of with respect to
26		its existence and authenticity. It is in annex 2, part
27		(1) of the judicial notice decision.
28	Q.	Witness, do you have that document in front of you now?
29	А.	Yes.

1	Q.	I would ask you to look at the bottom right column of the
2		first page. You will see in dark letters the words,
3		"Armed Forces Revolutionary Council Secretariat".
4	A.	Yes.
5	Q.	If you continue reading it says, "Govt. Notice No. 215
6		THE ADMINISTRATION OF SIERRA LEONE (ARMED FORCES
7		REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL) PROCLAMATION, 1997." Below that
8		in brackets "(P.N. No. 3 of 1997)" It then goes on to
9		state - and I would ask you to read along with me -
10		"P.N. No. 3 of 1997. Pursuant to subparagraph (2) of
11		paragraph 1 of the Administration of Sierra Leone (Armed
12		Forces Revolutionary Council) Proclamation. 1997. The
13		following persons constitute the Armed Forces
14		Revolutionary Council with effect from the 25th day of
15		May 1997." It then goes on to list 34 names. Do you see
16		that, Witness?
17	A.	Yes.
18	Q.	The names of those people are: Major Johnny Paul Koroma,
19		Chairman; Corporal Foday S Sankoh, Deputy Chairman;
20		Captain SAJ Musa, member; Colonel AK Sesay, member; Staff
21		Sergeant Abu Sankoh, member; Staff Sergeant Alex T Brima,
22		member; Staff Sergeant Brima P Kamara, member; Colonel
23		Sam Bockarie, member; Major Morris Kallon, member; David
24		G Kallon
25	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Do you need to go through that?
26	MR H	ARRISON: I was going to do it for the benefit of the
27		record. If it is not necessary, I won't bother.
28	Q.	Do you see the names there, witness?
29	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Yes, you can just confirm it.

1	THE WITNESS: Yes.
2	MR HARRISON:
3	Q. I would ask you to review that list of 34. Is that your
4	understanding of who the members of the AFRC were?
5	A. Yes.
6	MR HARRISON: That's the document that the Prosecution is
7	seeking to have admitted as an exhibit in these
8	proceedings, and I ask to do so now.
9	JUDGE BOUTET: Has the Defence any comment?
10	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, any comments from the Defence?
11	MR JORDASH: No, thank you.
12	JUDGE THOMPSON: No response.
13	MR JORDASH: No, thank you.
14	JUDGE THOMPSON: Counsel Touray? Williams?
15	MR WILLIAMS: No, no objection, Your Honour.
16	MR CAMMEGH: Nor me.
17	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, quite. Well, pursuant to a decision of
18	the 24th June 2004, this document is received in evidence
19	as having been judicially noticed and marked Exhibit
20	8[sic].
21	[Exhibit No. 6 was admitted]
22	MS EDMONDS: Six.
23	JUDGE THOMPSON: Exhibit 6. Proceed, learned counsel.
24	Learned counsel on both sides, this exhibit was indeed
25	judicially noticed, pursuant to a decision of 24th June
26	2004, as to its existence and authenticity, and of course
27	we have received it also in evidence now in respect of
28	its contents. So counsel will be entitled to
29	cross-examine on that.

1	MR JORDASH: Thank you.
2	JUDGE THOMPSON: Thank you. Proceed.
3	MR HARRISON:
4	Q. If you could just keep the document at hand for a moment,
5	Witness. Were there persons from the RUF amongst the
6	Honourabl es?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Can you tell the Court the names of those persons from
9	the RUF?
10	A. Yes. You have Dennis Mingo alias Superman. You have
11	Mike Lamin. Three, you have Morris Kallon. Four, you
12	have Issa Sesay. Five, you have Collins, Eldred Collins.
13	Six, you have CO Isaac, and those I could remember for
14	now.
15	Q. If you could just turn your attention to the exhibit
16	itself and from the exhibit are there any names there
17	that you recognise as being members of the RUF?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. Could you please tell the Court what those names are?
20	A. Colonel Sam Bockarie.
21	PRESIDING JUDGE: What names? We are not [inaudible] you
22	know?
23	MR HARRISON: The witness is actually looking at the exhibit.
24	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes.
25	MR HARRISON: He is looking at the names on the exhibit and he
26	is telling the Court which names on the exhibit were
27	members of the RUF to his understanding.
28	PRESIDING JUDGE: I see.
29	THE WITNESS: One, Colonel Sam Bockarie; two, Major Morris

1		Kallon; three, Colonel Issa H Sesay; four, Colonel Gibril
2		Massaquoi; five, Colonel Mike Lamin; six, Lieutenant
3		Eldred Collins these I can name here.
4	Q.	What about the name Foday S Sankoh?
5	A.	Foday S Sankoh is not known to me.
6	Q.	I am going to take you to events on 25th May 1997 and ask
7		you to explain to the Court what you ended up doing on
8		that day and on subsequent days. So starting from the
9		25th May, it is my understanding that at some point in
10		the day you went to the Cockerill Barracks; is that
11		right?
12	Q.	Pardon?
13	Q.	At some point on 25th May 1997 you went to the Cockerill
14		Barracks?
15	A.	Yes.
15 16	A. Q.	Yes. What did you do after that?
16	Q.	What did you do after that?
16 17	Q.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we
16 17 18	Q.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military
16 17 18 19	Q.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military equipments are kept. On our arrival there, we break in
16 17 18 19 20	Q.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military equipments are kept. On our arrival there, we break in and collected some military fatigues and arms and
16 17 18 19 20 21	Q.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military equipments are kept. On our arrival there, we break in and collected some military fatigues and arms and ammunition, distribute it to those that have no arms and
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q. A.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military equipments are kept. On our arrival there, we break in and collected some military fatigues and arms and ammunition, distribute it to those that have no arms and ammunition.
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	Q. A.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military equipments are kept. On our arrival there, we break in and collected some military fatigues and arms and ammunition, distribute it to those that have no arms and ammunition. Following the coup, do you know if there was
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	Q. A. Q.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military equipments are kept. On our arrival there, we break in and collected some military fatigues and arms and ammunition, distribute it to those that have no arms and ammunition. Following the coup, do you know if there was communication between the coup members and the RUF?
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	Q. A. Q. A.	What did you do after that? After going to the Cockerill Barracks, from that point we went to Murray Town at the army ordnance where military equipments are kept. On our arrival there, we break in and collected some military fatigues and arms and ammunition, distribute it to those that have no arms and ammunition. Following the coup, do you know if there was communication between the coup members and the RUF? Well, yes.

29 office where the communication was made - it's from Major

1		Johnny Paul Koroma, who was the chairman of the AFRC, to
2		the Revolutionary United Front in the bush to Sam
3		Bockarie, alias Mosquito, for them to come and join the
4		military in Freetown, telling him that the military has
5		already taken power in Freetown. So for the sake of
6		peace, RUF should come and join the army in Freetown.
7	Q.	Did anyone come to Freetown?
8	A.	Yes. On the first day the communication message was sent
9		to RUF high command commander came on that day. It
10		was on the following day I saw at the military Cockerill
11		Denis Mingo, alias Superman, was the first commander I
12		saw that came from the bush to Freetown who was an RUF.
13	Q.	Did you see other members of the RUF come to Freetown
14		later?
15	A.	Yes. I saw after Denis Mingo alias Superman, I saw
16		other high commands of the RUF in Freetown like Morris
17		Kallon, Issa Sesay, Gibril Massaquoi, Eldred Collins,
18		Mr Rogers, Mike Lamin, CO Isaac and those I could recall
19		met I saw.
20	Q.	Did Sam Bockarie come to Freetown?
21	A.	Yes. Sam Bockarie came to Freetown and later left
22		Freetown for Kenema.
23	Q.	First of all, tell the Court when Bockarie came to
24		Freetown.
25	A.	Sam Bockarie came to Freetown just after the announcement
26		of the government of the Armed Forces Revolutionary
27		Council, the AFRC.
28	Q.	And just to close the point, tell the Court when
29		Mr Bockarie left Freetown.

1	A.	Well, due to some problems that were arising up between
2		SLAs and RUF, lead Sam Bockarie to go back to Kenema and
3		said he is going to gain control of Kenema.
4	Q.	Can you assist the Court in saying when that was?
5	A.	Well, I cannot give any specific date for that.
6	Q.	Were there any meetings between Johnny Paul Koroma and
7		the RUF?
8	A.	Yes. He had several meetings at Johnny Paul's residence
9		at Spur Loop and also at the military headquarters
10		Cockerill.
11	Q.	Please tell the Court which members of the RUF attended
12		those meetings.
13	A.	First, to start with on the absence of Foday Sankoh
14		and the absence of Sam Bockarie in Freetown, Issa Sesay
15		commands the RUF on the meeting and also you have other
16		RUF members like, Gibril Massaquoi, Morris Kallon, Eldred
17		Collins, they also go to the meeting. Those I could
18		remember.
19	Q.	You said Mr Bockarie went to Kenema; do you know why he
20		went to Kenema?
21	A.	Well, Bockarie goes to Kenema. I don't know that through
22		my boss I was with, the principal liaison officer 3, when
23		he was addressing us on a routine muster parade and he
24		told us that Sam Bockarie is going to Kenema to take care
25		of the east and all diamond rich areas.
26	Q.	During the junta period, were there joint operations
27		between the RUF and the SLA?
28	A.	Yes.
29	Q.	Before you answer, give the Court your understanding of

1		what the junta period was.
2	A.	Well, the junta period at the time when RUF has been
3		called upon to come to Freetown. They worked hand in
4		hand with the soldiers in Freetown under the AFRC
5		government. So on all operations they do it jointly.
6	Q.	Can you guide the Court as to when, to your
7		understanding, the junta period commenced?
8	A.	Pardon?
9	Q.	Can you advise the Court of your understanding of when
10		the junta period commenced the month and year?
11	A.	The junta period commenced on May 25th, 1997 on a Sunday.
12	Q.	To your understanding, when did it end?
13	A.	It ended February 12th, because that date was the day the
14		chairman himself, Major Johnny Paul Koroma, pulled out
15		finally from Freetown.
16	PRES	SIDING JUDGE:
17	Q.	12th February?
18	A.	12th February 1998. 6.00 p.m. in the evening was his
19		pull-out.
20	Q.	6.00 in the morning or in the evening?
21	A.	Eveni ng.
22	MR H	ARRISON: Yes.
23	Q.	Were there joint operations between the RUF and the SLA
24		during the junta period?
25	A.	Yes.
26	Q.	Tell the Court about those joint operations.
27	A.	Well, there was a joint operation, one, to attack the
28		Nigerians at their [inaudible] headquarters, but it was
29		not successful. And the other joint operation was the

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1		June 2 at the Mammy Yoko hotel.
2	Q.	During the junta period, did the RUF get arms or
3		ammunition from the SLA?
4	A.	Yes.
5	Q.	What did they receive and how did they receive it?
6	A.	As I earlier on said, they got arms and ammunition from
7		the military ordnance of Murray Town, which was shared to
8		both SLA and RUF.
9	Q.	When the junta ended, did Johnny Paul Koroma give
10		instructions to Bockarie to relocate?
11	A.	Say again your question.
12	Q.	When the junta ended, did Johnny Paul Koroma give
13		instructions to Bockarie to relocate?
14	PRE	SIDING JUDGE: I don't like that question. It's very
15		suggestive, learned counsel. I don't like it. Can you
16		reframe it, please?
17	MR .	HARRISON: I will do so.
18	Q.	At the end of the junta, were there any instructions
19		given by Mr Koroma?
20	PRES	SIDING JUDGE: That's right.
21	THE	WITNESS: Yes, at the end of the junta, when they pulled
22		out from Freetown, instructions were given to from
23		Johnny Paul to all fighters in Kono that we shall be all
24		under the RUF and we are all to recognise ourselves as
25		RUF.
26	JUD	GE THOMPSON: Counsel.
27	MR]	HARRI SON:
28	Q.	During the junta were arms received from other countries?
29	A.	Yes.

1 PRESIDING JUDGE: There again -- there again, learned counsel, 2 where did the arms they were using come from? Your 3 questions, learned counsel, are very suggestive and they 4 are breaking the rules. The Chamber is concerned about 5 this. Can you reframe that question, please. 6 MR HARRISON: Well, I will do so, but I don't think there is 7 any contention about this bit of evidence. PRESIDING JUDGE: No, no, there is a contention, the court 8 9 is contending. MR HARRISON: All right. 10 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: There is no agreement between you and when 12 the Court discovers there is an irregularity. You see, 13 let us get the process, you know, clear. It is not the 14 job of the Court or the Tribunal to do the job of Defence 15 counsel, but where the Court perceives a patent 16 illegality, it has a perfect right to intervene and it is 17 in the exercise of this right that -- we wouldn't do that 18 often if the Defence counsel doesn't raise it, but I 19 think it's good for us to put the hands of the clock, you 20 know, right if and when we can. Thank you. You may 21 proceed. 22 MR HARRISON: I accept your guidance. It was my understanding 23 that we weren't in a contentious area, though. 24 MR JORDASH: Just so that we are clear, where weapons came 25 from during the junta period - if it was not clear during the General's testimony then I will make it clear now -26 27 it is very much disputed. JUDGE THOMPSON: Proceed, learned counsel. 28 MR HARRISON: 29

1	Q.	What can you tell the Court about shipments of arms
2		during the junta?
3	A.	Yes. I couldn't remember the actual date, but there was
4		one ship that came that has rice on board and the ship
5		was a Ukrainian ship. It came about at our Queen
6		Elizabeth quay and from that point, when it aboard that
7		Queen Elizabeth quay, message had to reach the chairman
8		that the ship that is anchored at the Queen Elizabeth
9		quay has some arms and ammunition in it. So troops were
10		sent there and the arms and ammunition were taken out
11		from the ship, transported to the residence of Johnny
12		Paul Koroma.
13	Q.	What was in the shipment?
14	A.	The shipment came with rice belonging to a businessman
15		called Tariq Makie.
16	Q.	What type of arms were there?
17	PRES	SIDING JUDGE: [Microphone not activated] the name of the
18		consignee of the rice, please.
19	THE	WITNESS: Tariq Makie.
20	MR I	HARRI SON:
21	Q.	Do you know what arms were in the shipment?
22	A.	Yes, I saw arms and ammunition.
23	PRES	SIDING JUDGE:
24	Q.	Excuse me, who is Tariq Makie?
25	A.	Tariq Makie is a Lebanese businessman.
26	Q.	Where?
27	A.	In Sierra Leone.
28	Q.	And where was he based?
29	A.	I don't know the street where he was based, but he was

1		based in Freetown.
2	PRE	SIDING JUDGE: Yes, counsel, you may proceed, please.
3	MR]	HARRI SON:
4	Q.	Do you know which arms were in the shipment?
5	A.	Yes, I saw the arms and the ammunition they had
6		deposited, because I didn't go on the operation to get
7		them from the ship, but on the arrival of the two trucks
8		filled with AK rounds, 7.6 mm AK rounds and had plenty of
9		RPG bombs; 16 mm commando mortars; anti-aircraft guns,
10		six; and two BMG gun. Those are the weapon I saw.
11	Q.	Were those weapons distributed?
12	A.	Yes.
13	Q.	To whom were they distributed?
14	A.	The weapons were taken to the house, the residence of
15		Major Johnny Paul Koroma, the chairman, AFRC, and the
16		distribution of the weapon was made by the chief of staff
17		who was at that time SO Williams. Distributed the
18		weapons to some high commanders of the RUF, like Dennis
19		Mingo, alias Superman, Issa Sesay, Morris Kallon, Gibril
20		Massaquoi, Rambo of the RUF. Those I could recall that I
21		saw arms distributed to.
22	Q.	I am just going to jump out of sequence here for a
23		moment. You mentioned the name Rambo. To your knowledge
24		there are two people who use the name Rambo?
25	A.	Yes.
26	Q.	How do you distinguish one from the other?
27	A.	Well, that's why initially I said RUF Rambo, then you
28		have the SLA Rambo.
29	Q.	Do you know the Christian

1	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Learned counsel, please.
2	Q.	You said that arms were distributed by somebody. They
3		were taken to Koroma's house?
4	A.	Yes.
5	Q.	And then they were distributed by the chief of staff.
6		What is the name again, let me get it right.
7	A.	Colonel SO Williams.
8	Q.	S0 Williams.
9	MR H	ARRI SON:
10	Q.	We were just perhaps trying to clarify the name Rambo. I
11		think you tried to indicate that you do know of two
12		individuals who use that name?
13	A.	Yes.
14	Q.	How do you distinguish between the two?
15	A.	One is called RUF Rambo, from the Revolutionary United
16		Front; and the other is called SLA Rambo, who is from the
17		Armed Forces of the Sierra Leone military.
18	Q.	During the junta, where was the person that you have
19		referred to as Gullit?
20	A.	During the junta Gullit was the principal liaison officer
21		to
22	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Who is the person you referred to? Who is
23		the person, was that your question?
24	MR H	ARRI SON:
25	Q.	The question was where was the person that you have
26		referred to as Gullit during the junta?
27	A.	Say again.
28	Q.	Where was Gullit located during the junta?
29	A.	Well, early during the junta period he was located in

1		Freetown and later junta period he was posted by Johnny
2		Paul Koroma to Kono.
3	Q.	Why was he posted to Kono?
4	A.	He was posted to Kono, which I heard from my boss
5	Q.	I'm sorry for interrupting, Witness. There is a
6		protective measure and you don't have to indicate on the
7		record who your boss was.
8	A.	He was located in Kono, because he was sent there to go
9		and take care of diamond minerals.
10	Q.	What do you mean by take care of diamond minerals?
11	A.	Well, he was to go and oversee all diamond companies and
12		to take care of the diamond mining areas in Kono.
13	Q.	To your knowledge did Gullit obtain diamonds?
14	A.	No.
15	Q.	Do you know what the purpose of the diamond mining was?
16	A.	No.
17	MR H	ARRISON: I was now going to take the witness through a
18		document which is actually a list of a number of
19		individuals which Defence counsel have already seen and,
20		as I understand, there is no objection to it being marked
21		as an exhibit. I will tender it now and I can go through
22		that list either now, or if the Court wishes to take a
23		break now or not take a break this morning, I am in the
24		Court's hands.
25	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Please proceed, please.
26	MR H	ARRI SON:
27	Q.	You have the document in front of you, witness?
28	A.	Yes.
29	Q.	You recall this as a document that you prepared with the

JUDGE THOMPSON:

MR HARRISON:

MR HARRISON: I

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assistance of members of the Prosecution office?
Yes.
Was all of the document or all the information that you
gave accurate and correct?
Yes.
And you had a chance to review this document
E THOMPSON: Just a minute, counsel. Continue.
ARRI SON:
You have had a chance to review this document before
coming into court?
Yes.
And just for the sake of the record, this information is
your best recollection of the brief biographies of a
number of individuals involved in the junta and a later
period in Sierra Leone; is that right?
Yes.
ARRISON: I believe it is by consent. I will maybe allow

18 my friends to speak for themselves but --

19 PRESIDING JUDGE: Tender it and they will indicate whether

20 they have any objection or not.

21 MR HARRISON: Yes, I am asking if this document be admitted as 22 the next exhibit in these proceedings.

23 PRESIDING JUDGE: Can it be shown to the Defence, please. Let 24 them make up their minds.

25 MR JORDASH: I do have a copy of it. It is with consent, but

26 not necessarily accepted as correct, if that makes sense.

27 So we accept it should be an exhibit, this is the

witness's testimony, but it may be subject to dispute 28

29 later in the proceedings.

1	JUDG	E THOMPSON: Yes. Well, consistent with the principle of
2		flexible admissibility.
3	MR J	ORDASH: Indeed.
4	JUDG	E THOMPSON: But, of course, the issue of reliability and
5		probative value still remains an issue.
6	MR J	ORDASH: Indeed. Yes, Your Honour.
7	MR C	AMMEGH: On the basis of flexible admissibility, I accept
8		this document service right now.
9	JUDG	E THOMPSON: Thank you, learned counsel. Learned counsel
10		for the second accused.
11	MAR N	ICOL-WILSON: Your Honour, no objection at this stage.
12	JUDG	E THOMPSON: Thank you. Learned counsel on both sides,
13		the document is received in evidence and marked Exhibit
14		7.
15		[Exhibit No. 7 was admitted]
16		Let the document be so marked. You will then proceed.
17	MR H	ARRI SON:
18	Q.	I am not going to go through all the names on the exhibit
19		with you, witness, but I am going to ask you about a few
20		of them. The third name is Alhaji on the first page; you
21		see that?
22	A.	Yes.
23	Q.	Can you please just state in our own words who Alhaji
24		was?
25	A.	[Inaudible] appointed deputy to battalion commander in
26		Kono in March 1998 remain in Tombodu with Savage, rank of
27		staff sergeant currently in the SLA.
28	Q.	And while we are on that particular item, could you just
29		tell the Court now in your own words who Savage was?

1 A. Savage was an SLA and when we pulled -- we drove from 2 Freetown, went to Kono and he was at Kono, stayed with 3 the RUF throughout, and then later he came to the West Side jungle. 4 5 Q. Do you know Savage by any other name? 6 A. No. Q. 7 Do you know Alhaji by any other name? 8 A. No. 9 Q. And if you turn to the second page, the second name on 10 the left-hand corner is Hassan Papa Bangura, alias Bomb 11 Blast. You told us already that he was one of the 12 participants in the coup, but without actually reading 13 what is already recorded there, can you just say in your 14 own words who Bangura was? 15 Hassan Papa Bangura, alias Bomb Blast. He was one of the A. 16 SLA, one of the 16 men who carry out the May 1997 coup --17 honourable in the junta government under Bazzy, promoted 18 to rank of brigadier-general at Masiaka, operations 19 commander at Kono in March, May 1998, from Mansofinia to Major Eddie Town in 1998 and from Newton in December 20 21 1998. Under house arrest from Major Eddie Town to 22 Newton. Continued as operation commander after the death 23 of SAJ Musa. Q. 24 I am going to ask you to turn over to the next page. The 25 first name on the left-hand corner is Alfred Brown and I am asking you, witness, not to simply read out what is 26 27 written down there, but if you could address the Court, speak to the Court and just tell them in your own words 28 29 who Alfred Brown was.

1	A.	Alfred Brown was with the Revolutionary United Front as
2		one of the their commanders who was in charge of
3		communication and signaller, I would say. But he was not
4		with the RUF; he was with SAJ Musa till we came to
5		Freetown on January 6th invasion, and went back to Makeni
6		after retreating from Freetown.
7	Q.	Those are all the names I am going to take you through
8		now. I am now going to move forward in the chronology of
9		events to the time when the junta exited from Freetown.
10		Please tell the Court why the junta pulled out of
11		Freetown.
12	A.	Well the junta pulled out of Freetown because of lack of
13		arms and ammunition.
14	Q.	Was any fighting taking place during the pull-out?
15	A.	There was fighting taking place at the Hill Station and
16		at the new Bollington [phonetic] highway.
17	Q.	Who was doing the fighting?
18	A.	We are mixed RUF and SLA soldiers; we are fighting
19		against the ECOMDG troops.
20	JUDGE THOMPSON: [Microphone not activated]	
21	MR H	IARRI SON:
22	Q.	Who was involved in the pull-out from Freetown?
23	A.	The pull-out from Freetown involved all senior commanders
24		of the AFRC government.
25	Q.	Was it only senior commanders?
26	A.	Senior commanders and other ranks from the military and
27		everybody who was collaborated with the AFRC pulled out.
28	Q.	Did you pull out from Freetown?
29	A.	Yes.

1 Q. What route did you take? 2 A. We took the peninsula route round to York and Tombu. 0n 3 our arrival at Tombu, we crossed the water to Phoho. 0n 4 our arrival at Phoho we walked for some hours to join the 5 routes at Hastings. Then we then proceeded to Masiaka. 6 MR HARRISON: At this point, I have another exhibit, this time 7 it is a large map which has been given already to Defence Again they can make their comments, but I have 8 counsel. 9 the map and I am asking that this be tendered as the next 10 exhibit in these proceedings. 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Harrison, it reminds me of tourism 12 abroad. 13 MR HARRISON: I beg your pardon? 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: It reminds me of tourism abroad and finding 15 your way around. Oh, my God, these maps are so -- they 16 are easy to open, but to bring them back is a whole 17 problem. Okay, let's get along. 18 MR HARRISON: 19 0. If you will allow me, Mr Cammegh I think needs a map and 20 I have an extra copy. 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: I am sure learned counsel have no objection 22 to this being admitted like you say. 23 MR CAMMEGH: If Mr Harrison -- if I have taken his, then he is 24 the one -- Thank you very much. 25 MR HARRISON: I would just like to inform the Court that we have gone 26 0. 27 through the exercise of putting this map on a disk with a view to trying to use it on the computer. Unfortunately, 28 29 the speed of the computers and the size and the amount of

1	information on the map, means that if you were to look on
2	the computer it would be an extremely slow process and
3	you would have to magnify it considerably so that you
4	would only be able to see a very small area. So it is
5	our suggestion that for until we can figure out a
6	plan B that may be superior, that we use this map and
7	this is what I am asking to be marked as an exhibit now.
8	There may be something in future which we will be asking
9	to be marked as well, but this is what I am asking to be
10	marked as an exhibit now. I would just like to ask
11	JUDGE THOMPSON: For my information, this is not the same map
12	that was judicially noticed in our annex 2 to our
13	judgment as to existence and authenticity. Is it the
14	same document?
15	MR HARRISON: It is not, you are correct.
16	JUDGE THOMPSON: It is not.
17	MR HARRISON: You are correct, this is not the same map that
18	was judicially noticed.
19	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, all right.
20	MR HARRISON: Before you ask my friends whether they wish to
21	take any position on the map, perhaps I can just ask the
22	witness a couple of questions just so that he can give
23	whatever evidence he can as to the existence of
24	[overlapping speakers]
25	PRESIDING JUDGE: Since you have to tender the document in any
26	event, you could as well tender it and we will refer
27	give it to him for him to be using it in the process.
28	MR HARRISON: He has it already.
29	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes.

1 JUDGE THOMPSON: Let's hear the other side. 2 MR JORDASH: I have no objections to the use of this map at 3 all. JUDGE THOMPSON: Thank you. And learned counsel for the 4 5 second accused? 6 MR NICOL-WILSON: No objection, Your Honour. JUDGE THOMPSON: Learned counsel from --7 MR CAMMEGH: Nor from me either. 8 9 JUDGE THOMPSON: All right. Consistent with our principle of flexible admissibility, we will receive it in evidence 10 and mark it Exhibit 8. Court records, are we correct in 11 12 our numbering? Exhibit 8. Proceed counsel. 13 [Exhibit No. 8 was admitted] 14 MR HARRISON: So that there is no later misunderstanding, what 15 I am asking to be admitted is both sides of a map, on one 16 side there is a large pull-out map of all of Sierra 17 Leone, and if we were to flip it over on the other side 18 you would have two smaller maps, one a blown-up map of 19 the Free --PRESIDING JUDGE: Learned counsel, I don't think the document 20 21 is admitted and marked as an exhibit. 22 MR HARRISON: Both sides of the map. 23 PRESIDING JUDGE: So in its entirety, you know, you are free to refer to whatever, you know, in that document. 24 25 JUDGE THOMPSON: We don't want to get into --26 PRESIDING JUDGE: We don't want to get into the complication 27 of exhibit A1 to 2 or that kind of thing. We will just call it Exhibit 8, every part of it. 28 MR HARRISON: 29

	1	Q. Now, you have described your route up as far as Hastings.
	2	Can you assist the Court in telling what your route was
	3	after Hastings?
	4	A. Yes. After we passed through Hastings, the troops was
	5	divided into two.
	6	JUDGE THOMPSON: Excuse me, he said after?
	7	[HS141004C 12.05 p.m.]
	8	JUDGE THOMPSON: You said after?
	9	MR HARRISON: After Hastings.
12: 09: 09	10	Q. If it helps you, the map is in front of you. You can
:	11	open it up and review it, if you wish.
1	12	A. Yeah, I'm looking.
1	13	Q. Continue from "after Hastings", please.
:	14	A. After Hastings, the group was divided into two. We had
12: 09: 28	15	two battalions. Battalion 3 and Battalion 4 went into
-	16	Kossoh Town to attack the Nigerians, to draw their
1	17	attention
:	18	JUDGE THOMPSON: Slowly, slowly.
1	19	THE WITNESS: To draw the attentions for the troops and all
12:09:53	20	our arms and ammunition to pass through the bridge into
2	21	Freetown. And when we crossed the bridge, we diverted
	22	left to Orugu.
2	23	MR HARRISON:
	24	Q. Witness, I think you've misunderstood me. What we're
12: 10: 14	25	talking about, when there was a pull-out from Freetown
2	26	when there's a retreat from Freetown at the end of the
	27	junta.
2	28	A. We pull out, but we did not pass through Hastings. We
	29	used the peninsula routes to Benguema and we joined the

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	1		RUF at Waterloo.
	2	Q.	And continue on in describing the route that you took
	3		during your pull-out from Freetown immediately following
	4		the junta.
12: 10: 56	5	A.	After the fall of the junta, we pull out by the
	6		peninsula, 7 Battalion to York, York to Tumbu, Tumbu to
	7		Phoho, Phoho to Newton, from Newton to Masiaka.
	8	Q.	How long did it take you to get to Masiaka?
	9	A.	It took us two days and two nights.
12: 11: 48	10	Q.	Can you advise the Court of the day or month when you
	11		arrived at Masiaka?
	12	A.	Yes, I can recollect the month, but I cannot recollect
	13		the date. It was in February we arrived at Masiaka
	14		February 1998.
12: 12: 14	15	Q.	What did you do at Masiaka?
	16	A.	When I arrived at Masiaka, there was an operation to go
	17		back to attack Bo, and the commander that went on the
	18		operation was the late Major AF Kamara. He went to Bo
	19		and back to Masiaka. We had a joint meeting between RUF
12: 12: 59	20		and the SLAs. And from that meeting all the high
	21		commands in Freetown that were Honourables were
	22		automatically promoted to Brigadier-General.
	23	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Who was promoted to Brigadier-General?
	24	THE	WITNESS: All the Honourables in Freetown during the AFRC
12: 13: 45	25		junta regime were all promoted to Brigadier-General,
	26		including the RUF and the SLAs.
	27	MR J	ORDASH: I'm very sorry, but could the witness repeat who
	28		was the commander who attacked Bo? I missed the name.
	29	JUDG	E THOMPSON: Yes, learned counsel for the Prosecution, can

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	1	we have that name again?
	2	MR HARRISON: It was I'll let the witness say it.
	3	Q. Witness, who was the commander who attacked at Bo?
	4	A. Late Major AF Kamara.
12: 14: 48	5	Q. The meeting you referred to in Masiaka, tell the Court
	6	who you recall attending.
	7	A. In the meeting at Masiaka, Solomon Anthony Julius Musa
	8	was there; we had SFY Koroma was there; Ibrahim Bazzy
	9	Kamara was there; Santigie Kanu aka Fifty-Five was there;
12: 15: 47	10	Denis Mingo aka Superman was there; Morris Kallon aka
	11	Bilai Karim was there; Issa Sesay was there; Mike Lamin
	12	was there; Hassan Papa Bangura was there;
	13	Colonel SO Williams was there; and Colonel Avivavo was
	14	there I think those I can recall, because there were
12: 16: 47	15	many, many more, but I can recall just these.
	16	PRESIDING JUDGE: You gave a name you said Denis Mingo
	17	[sic] also known as aka
	18	JUDGE THOMPSON: Superman.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: Superman?
12: 17: 03	20	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
	21	MR HARRISON: I think, for the record, it is Mingo.
	22	THE WITNESS: Yes, Denis Mingo.
	23	JUDGE THOMPSON: Proceed counsel.
	24	MR HARRISON:
12: 17: 32	25	Q. Were any decisions taken at that meeting?
	26	A. Yes. Decisions that were taken at that meeting was for
	27	us to pull back straight to Makeni, so the decision was
	28	accepted by all bodies, including the RUF and the AFRC.
	29	Q. At this point in time, how were the RUF personnel

	1		dressed?
	2	A.	They were dressed some put on military trousers and a
	3		civilian top shirt; some put on uniforms in full, but
	4		have slippers on their feet.
12: 19: 15	5	Q.	Was anyone in command at Masiaka?
	6	A.	In Masiaka the only high command that was there was
	7		SAJ Musa for the SLA, and the RUF side you have Issa
	8		Sesay.
	9	Q.	Where was Bockarie at this time?
12: 20: 09	10	A.	Sam Bockarie at this time was at Kenema trying to proceed
	11		to Kailahun.
	12	Q.	Why was he trying to go to Kailahun?
	13	A.	Well, much is not known to me about that.
	14	Q.	Where did you go from Masiaka?
12: 20: 58	15	A.	From Masiaka we went to Makeni.
	16	Q.	Did you go alone?
	17	A.	No. We went in full force just as how we left Freetown
	18		on the pull-outs, mixed with RUF and SLA fighters, and
	19		families that joined us.
12: 21: 27	20	Q.	And how long were you at Makeni for?
	21	A.	In Makeni, I was there for just three days.
	22	Q.	When you got to Makeni, where was JPK?
	23	A.	JPK on $m\!$
	24		his village, Mabonkani.
12: 22: 17	25	Q.	Do you know where that village is in relation to Makeni?
	26	A.	The village is just
	27	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Let's have the name of the village again.
	28	THE	M TNESS: Mabonkani .
	29	MR H	ARRI SON:

	1	Q. And are you able to say where that village is in relation
	2	to Makeni?
	3	A. Mabonkani is just between Makeni and Kamabai, off the
	4	main highway.
12: 23: 23	5	Q. At this time do you know if there was any communication
	6	between JPK and the RUF?
	7	A. Not at all.
	8	Q. When you pulled out from Freetown, was there any looting?
	9	A. Yes.
12: 23: 46	10	Q. Was it referred to under a name?
	11	A. No.
	12	Q. Was an order given for looting?
	13	A. An order was not given at that time, because everybody
	14	was trying to pull out of Freetown for safety.
12: 24: 31	15	Q. What was the looting for?
	16	A. On our withdrawal from Freetown most fighters loot
	17	vehicles for quick transportation to Tumbu.
	18	PRESIDING JUDGE: Let's get things clear. We see him them in
	19	Makeni, he mentions looting. He said at the time they
12: 25: 20	20	were leaving there was no looting apparently, because
	21	they were all sort of saving their lives and escaping
	22	from Freetown. Now he's back to Freetown; is that
	23	correct?
	24	MR HARRISON: I think that's accurate. I can go through that
12: 25: 39	25	again, if you wish.
	26	PRESIDING JUDGE: He says the transition was rather sudden
	27	from Makeni to Freetown and looting and so on. Can the
	28	witness be led to show a chain of sequence some
	29	sequence in this?

MR HARRISON: 1 2 0. Let me start with your recollection of your departure 3 from Freetown. Was there looting then? 4 A. Yes. 12:26:12 5 Q. Describe it. 6 A. There were looting taking place for vehicles --PRESIDING JUDGE: When they were leaving Freetown? 7 8 THE WITNESS: When they were leaving Freetown for quick 9 transportation to Tombu and, also, shops along the Spur 12:26:45 10 Road, Lumley, Juba, and the 7 Battalion were all looted 11 because of food. 12 MR HARRISON: 13 Q. Did the looting continue as you moved east? 14 A. The looting continued when we moved north to Makeni. 12:27:38 15 0. Can you advise the Court of the month that you were in Makeni? 16 17 A. I could not remember the month. 18 MR JORDASH: Could I just ask my learned friend to clarify the 19 witness's last answer concerning when the looting 12:28:33 20 continued? My note says that the looting continued "when 21 we went north to Makeni". Does that mean it stopped before Makeni, or does that mean it continued up until 22 23 Makeni? 24 JUDGE THOMPSON: Let us ask counsel to --12: 28: 49 25 MR HARRISON: I'm happy to pursue that. 26 JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, do, please. 27 MR HARRISON: Q. Can you indicate to the Court if there was looting at 28

29

Makeni?

	1	A. Yes.
	2	Q. What types of things were looted at Makeni?
	3	A. All business shops were breaked open, looted; all fuel
	4	stations were looted for fuels; and the Catholic school
12: 29: 30	5	in Makeni, St Joseph, was also looted for vehicles.
	6	Those I can remember the lootings I saw in Makeni.
	7	Q. Who was doing the looting?
	8	A. The looting was done by other ranks soldiers.
	9	Q. Were any meetings held at Makeni?
12: 30: 39	10	A. Yes, a very brief one.
	11	MR JORDASH: Sorry, what I'm seeking clarification of, with
	12	Your Honours' leave, is whether the looting continued
	13	from Masiaka all the way to Makeni, or whether there was
	14	a break in the looting, according to this witness.
12: 31: 00	15	MR HARRISON: I'll try to cover that point now.
	16	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes.
	17	MR HARRISON:
	18	Q. Can you tell the Court if the looting continued eastward
	19	of Makeni?
12: 31: 11	20	A. No.
	21	Q. Were there meetings at Makeni?
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Q. Can you tell the Court who attended those meetings?
10 01 40	24	A. Yes. The meeting was chaired by SAJ Musa
12: 31: 49		MR JORDASH: I'm sorry to leap to my feet again. Masiaka is
	26	to the west of Makeni, so the question that remains
	27	unanswered is whether there was looting between Masiaka
	28	and Makeni.
	29	PRESIDING JUDGE: Do you mean along the route?

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	1	MR JORDASH: Indeed, Your Honour.			
	2	PRESIDING JUDGE: The towns they went through.			
	3	MR JORDASH: Indeed.			
	4	MR HARRISON: I've got my friend's point, now. I apologise			
12: 32: 16	5	for the confusion I've caused.			
	6	Q. Was there looting between Masiaka and Makeni?			
	7	A. Yes.			
	8	Q. What was looted?			
	9	A. Looting happened in Lunsar. They went to the hospital.			
12: 32: 42	10	Denis Mingo, alias Superman, looted the Catholic			
	11	hospital, he shut off medicines, and another			
	12	Revolutionary United Front commander by the name of Mike			
	13	Lamin looted the missionaries' vehicle.			
	14	PRESIDING JUDGE: In what town was this again in what town			
12: 33: 21	15	was this again?			
	16	THE WITNESS: Lunsar Lunsar Clinic Hospital.			
	17	JUDGE THOMPSON: You say Mike Lamin looted the hospital? Was			
	18	it Mike Lamin who			
	19	THE WITNESS: Denis Mingo alias Superman looted the hospital			
12: 33: 46	20	and Mike Lamin looted the vehicles of the missionaries at			
	21	Lunsar.			
	22	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes. Continue, counsel.			
	23	MR HARRISON:			
	24	Q. We're at Makeni now, I think. Were there meetings at			
12: 34: 16	25	Makeni?			
	26	A. Yes, one brief meeting was held at Makeni.			
	27	Q. Who attended the meeting?			
	28	A. It was chaired by SAJ Musa; Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara was			
	29	there; Santigie Kanu alias Fifty-Five was there; Morris			

	1		Kallon was there; Denis Mingo alias Superman was there;
	2		Rambo of the RUF, the Revolutionary United Front, was
	3		there; and Rambo of the Sierra Leone Army was there, and
	4		other commanders I could not recall.
12: 35: 23	5	Q.	Who was in charge of the RUF at that meeting?
	6	A.	At that meeting the RUF high command was Denis Mingo aka
	7		Superman.
	8	Q.	Were any decisions taken at that meeting?
	9	A.	Yes.
12: 35: 56	10	Q.	Tell the Court what they were.
	11	A.	The decisions taken at that meeting was for the troops to
	12		move to Kafala which would be the safest place, which
	13		they did.
	14	Q.	Did you go to Kafala?
12: 36: 34	15	A.	Yes.
	16	Q.	Did JPK go to Kafala?
	17	A.	No, JPK stayed at his village Mabonkani.
	18	Q.	How long did it take you to get to Kafala?
	19	A.	It was just a day.
12: 37: 08	20	Q.	Can you assist the Court in saying when it was you
	21		arrived in terms of months or days or years?
	22	A.	We arrived at Kafala very early in the month of March,
	23		but I cannot tell the date.
	24	PRES	IDING JUDGE: March of what year, please.
12: 37: 48	25	THE	WI TNESS: 1998.
	26	MR H	ARRI SON:
	27	Q.	Were there meetings at Kafala?
	28	A.	Yes.
	29	Q.	Who was present for those meetings?

	1	A.	SAJ Musa chaired the meeting; Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara was in
	2	л.	the meeting; Alex Tamba Brima was in the meeting; Samuel
	3		Kargbo was in the meeting; Momoh Dotti was in the
	4		meeting; Morris Kallon was in the meeting; Mike Lamin was
12: 38: 43	5		in the meeting; Eldred Collins was in the meeting; and
	6		Issa Sesay was in the meeting. Those I can remember.
	7	Q.	Do you know where Bockarie was at this time?
	8	A.	At this time Sam Bockarie I heard he had already reached
	9		Kailahun from Kenema.
12: 39: 19	10	Q.	Why was he in Kailahun?
	11	A.	Well, to my own belief, I believe that's the RUF
	12		stronghold, so that was why he went to Kailahun.
	13	Q.	Were any decisions taken at the meeting at Kabala?
	14	A.	Yes.
12: 40: 16	15	Q.	What were the decisions?
	16	A.	In the meeting there was a tussle between SAJ Musa and
	17		Denis Mingo aka Superman that the troops should move to
	18		Kono as one, but SAJ Musa refused that order, that he's a
	19		soldier and he will never [inaudible] himself under the
12: 40: 50	20		Revolutionary United Front. So he's going further to the
	21		north to Kurubonla to open his own jungle.
	22	Q.	Perhaps you could just repeat the name of where SAJ Musa
	23		was going.
	24	A.	SAJ Musa went north of Kabala in a town called Kurubonla.
12: 41: 15	25	Q.	Al this point in time, did JPK give any instructions to
	26		ex SLAs?
	27	A.	No.
	28	Q.	After the meeting at Kabala, what happened?
	29	A.	After the meeting at Kabala, we divided ourselves some

	1	troops went with SAJ Musa to Kurubonla, whilst the other
	2	troops, commanded by Denis Mingo alias Superman, Bazzy
	3	being he's 2IC, we proceeded to Kono to attack the
	4	Kamajors at Kono so that we can get control of Kono.
12: 42: 36	5	Q. Why did you want control of Kono?
	6	A. Because we wanted to have a freeway to take Major Johnny
	7	Paul Koroma to Kailahun.
	8	MR HARRISON: If there is any difficulty in understanding the
	9	word, I think the word "freeway" was used. I can ask the
12: 43: 28	10	witness.
	11	Q. Did you use the witness "freeway"?
	12	PRESIDING JUDGE: He did. JPK - Johnny Paul Koroma to
	13	Kailahun.
	14	MR HARRISON:
12: 43: 48	15	Q. Do you know who the senior commander was for the attack
	16	on Kono?
	17	A. It was Denis Mingo alias Superman.
	18	Q. Did he have a deputy?
	19	A. Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara was his deputy.
12: 44: 25	20	Q. Is it at this time that SAJ Musa goes to Krubola?
	21	A. Yes.
	22	Q. Did combatants go with him?
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. Do you know how many?
12: 45: 07	25	A. I cannot give a specific number, but they were more than
	26	823.
	27	Q. Did any senior commanders go with SAJ Musa?
	~.	
	28	A. Yes.

	1	A.	One Brigadier Mani went with SAJ Musa. He was the only
	2		commander I knew that went with him.
	3	Q.	On the attack on Kono, was a particular area the target
	4		of the attack?
12: 46: 20	5	A.	Yes.
	6	Q.	What was the target?
	7	A.	The target was at Giehun junction.
	8	Q.	Are you able to spell that?
	9	A.	No.
12: 46: 36	10	Q.	Can you advise what town that junction is near?
	11	A.	It is near Motema.
	12	Q.	And why was that target selected?
	13	A.	Well, we met a heavy force of Kamajor at [inaudible].
	14	Q.	Was there a reason why that particular location was the
12: 47: 30	15		target?
	16	A.	No, I can't say.
	17	Q.	Can you advise the Court when this attack took place?
	18	A.	The attack took place at night, but I cannot say the date
	19		or the dates, but I know it is in 1998.
12: 48: 01	20	Q.	Were there other attacks in that area?
	21	A.	No.
	22	Q.	What was the result of the attack?
	23	A.	It was successful for the troops against the Kamajors.
	24	Q.	As a result of the attack, did you remain in that area?
12: 48: 46	25	A.	Yes.
	26	Q.	Where did the majority of the troops remain?
	27	A.	The majority of the troops remained in Koidu Town.
	28	Q.	Why did they go to Koidu Town?
	29	A.	Because Koidu Town was the centre of Kono District.

Was diamond mining taking place at this time?

1

2

Q.

A.

No.

- 3 Q. Following the attack and occupation of Koidu, what did 4 JPK do? 12: 50: 00 5 A. After we captured Kono from the Kamajors, a team was sent 6 to Mabonkani, JPK's village, to collect him to Koidu Town 7 and on his arrival at Koidu Town, he slept there for 8 three nights and on the fourth night he was there he 9 rested and the second night there was a meeting. 12: 50: 41 10 0. If possible, can you assist the Court in giving a month 11 when this meeting may have taken place? 12 The meeting took place late March. A. 13 Q. Of what year? 14 A. 1998. 12: 51: 02 15 0. Who was present at the meeting? Johnny Paul Koroma himself was present; Denis Mingo alias 16 A. 17 Superman was present; Mike Lamin was present; Morris 18 Kallon was present; Rambo of the Revolutionary United 19 Front was present; Rambo of the Sierra Leone Army was 12:51:46 20 present; FAT Sesay was present, Leather Boots was 21 present; Akim was present, and other commanders 22 I couldn't remember the names. 23 Q. Can you recall now if Mr Sesay was present? 24 A. Pardon? 12: 52: 14 25 Q. Can you recall if Mr Sesay was present? 26 A. Yes, he was present -- Issa Sesay. 27 0. Who chaired the meeting? The meeting was chaired by Johnny Paul Koroma. 28 A.
 - 29 Q. Were any decisions taken at the meeting?

	1	A.	Yes.
	2	Q.	Tell the Court what they were.
	3	A.	The decisions taken were Johnny Paul Koroma told us all
	4		the SLAs that we should be under the control of the RUF,
12: 52: 52	5		because they had been in the jungle before the SLA
	6		joining them. Although it was hard to [inaudible] every
	7		commander, but it was not satisfactory to the SLA
	8		commanders. But we did join and work with them.
	9	Q.	Who was the commander at the conclusion of the meeting?
12: 53: 33	10	A.	Pardon?
	11	Q.	Who was the commander at the conclusion of the meeting?
	12	A.	At the conclusion of the meeting Denis Mingo alias
	13		Superman was appointed as the battlefield commander of
	14		Kono.
12: 53: 51	15	Q.	Did he have a deputy?
	16	A.	Yes.
	17	Q.	Who was that?
	18	A.	His deputy was Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara.
	19	Q.	Was there a radio communication set at Koidu?
12: 54: 37	20	A.	Yes.
	21	Q.	Do you know where it was located?
	22	A.	It was located at the residence of Denis Mingo aka
	23		Superman.
	24	Q.	Do you know who operated it?
12: 54: 55	25	A.	No, but it was an RUF man that was operating it, but
	26		I could not see his name.
	27	Q.	At this time, do you know if there was radio
	28		communication with Sam Bockarie?
	29	A.	Yes.

Do you know what the subject of the radio communication

1

Q.

2 was? 3 A. Yes. Would you please tell the Court. 4 Q. 12: 55: 57 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Learned counsel, I just wanted to draw your attention to the fact that it will soon be 1.00. We're 6 7 just about 7 minutes off 1.00 o'clock, so you may just be 8 wrapping up your questions to conclude the chapter before 9 we move to the next in the afternoon. You may proceed, 12:56:18 10 please. MR HARRISON: Thank you. 11 12 Q. Do you know the subject of the radio communications? 13 A. Yes. 14 0. Can you tell the Court what they were? 12:56:31 15 A. A radio message was sent to Colonel Mosquito -- Sam 16 Bockarie alias Mosquito that Johnny Paul is proceeding to 17 his HQ, which was called Globe at Kailahun and the 18 message reached him and he replied that Denis Mingo 19 should make sure that he escorts Major Johnny Paul Koroma 12: 57: 13 20 to Kailahun safely. That, I heard when I was at the 21 radio room. 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Who gave those instructions -- Bockarie? 23 THE WITNESS: Yes. 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Bockarie gave the instructions? 12: 57: 29 25 THE WITNESS: Yes, that Johnny Paul should go to Kailahun. 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Should be escorted to Kailahun? 27 THE WITNESS: Escorted to Kailahun. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: And you gave a code number of his 29 headquarters. What name did you call his headquarters --

	1	Sam Bockarie's alias Mosquito's headquarters?
	2	THE WITNESS: It is called Globe.
	3	MR HARRISON: I think it should be Globe.
	4	THE WITNESS: Globe, G-L-O-B-E.
12: 58: 47	5	MR HARRISON:
	6	Q. You told us about one meeting at Koidu. Were there
	7	subsequent meetings?
	8	A. Well, for that time, that was the only meeting held first
	9	before Johnny Paul was escorted to Kailahun.
12: 59: 07	10	Q. And after the escort?
	11	A. After the escort on the arrival of Superman, Denis Mingo
	12	came back to Kono and
	13	PRESIDING JUDGE: Let's get things right. It was Mingo who
	14	escorted
12: 59: 24	15	THE WITNESS: Johnny Paul Koroma to Kailahun.
	16	PRESIDING JUDGE: To the Globe?
	17	THE WITNESS: Yes.
	18	PRESIDING JUDGE: Sorry, counsel, you may proceed, please.
	19	MR HARRISON:
12: 59: 56	20	Q. I think we were at the point when Superman returned to
	21	Koidu. The question is: were there subsequent meetings?
	22	A. Yes, on his return to Koidu, another meeting was called
	23	by Denis Mingo for us to put together the fighting force
	24	for us to defend Kono.
13: 00: 30	25	Q. Who chaired that meeting?
	26	A. Denis Mingo alias Superman.
	27	Q. Can you tell the Court who attended the meeting?
	28	A. The meeting was attended by Abraham Bazzy Kamara; Morris

29 Kallon; RUF Rambo; Kallay -- Foday Kallay, sorry -- Foday

1 Kallay; Ibrahim Papa Bangura alias Bomb Blast, Biobo, 2 Abdul Sesay, CO Isaac, Savage, Peleto -- those I can 3 remember. Was Issa Sesay at this meeting? 4 Q. 13:02:11 5 A. No. 6 Q. Do you know where he was? He was at Kailahun. 7 A. 8 MR HARRISON: I'm going to remain at this meeting and this 9 will be the time for the next exhibit, so I think this is 13:02:32 10 an appropriate time to take the break if the Court is 11 agreeable. 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: All right. I think we'll take the lunch 13 break and resume the session at 2.30. The Court will 14 rise, please. 13:03:56 15 [Luncheon recess taken at 1.00 p.m.] 16 [On resuming at 2.48 p.m.] 17 [HS141004D] 18 [The accused entered court] 19 [The witness entered court] 14: 44: 42 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, we're resuming the session. 21 Mr Harrison, you may proceed. 22 MR HARRISON: Thank you. Just to inform the Court, a copy of 23 Exhibit 8 has been attached to the wall directly behind 24 the witness and it may be of some guidance to Defence 14:45:04 25 counsel and the Court if, on occasion, the witness is

asked to point to the area that he's referring to.
Q. Before the lunch break, Witness, we were talking about a

28 meeting in Koidu that took place after Johnny Paul Koroma29 had left; do you recall that?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And my understanding of your evidence was that, in fact,
3	there was a meeting after Johnny Paul Koroma left; is
4	that right?
14: 45: 39 5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Please tell the Court what took place at that meeting?
7	A. First of all, it was a command structure meeting, and
8	permissions were also given at that meeting and other
9	specific orders were given to take care of the defensive
14: 46: 16 10	of Kono from the ECOMDG entering into Koidu Town.
11	Q. And can you tell the Court about the command structure.
12	How was it set up?
13	A. The command structure in Kono was set up the Field
14	Commander 1 was Denis Mingo, alias Superman.
14: 47: 08 15	PRESIDING JUDGE: Wait, wait Fielder Commander 1.
16	THE WITNESS: Yes.
17	PRESIDING JUDGE: Was Denis Mingo.
18	THE WITNESS: Yes, and the Field Commander 2 was Ibrahim Bazzy
19	Kamara. And they also have the operations commander, who
14: 48: 06 20	was Hassan Papa Bangura, aka Bomb Blast.
21	PRESIDING JUDGE: Aka?
22	THE WITNESS: Bomb Blast.
23	PRESIDING JUDGE: Bomb Blast.
24	MR HARRISON:
14: 48: 37 25	Q. Witness, you have, with the assistance of personnel from
26	the Prosecution's office, prepared a Kono command
27	structure chart.
28	A. Yes.
29	MR HARRISON: I would ask that if that document could be put

	1	before the witness.
	2	PRESIDING JUDGE: It is called structure, not chart, command
	3	structure.
	4	MR HARRISON:
14: 49: 32	5	Q. Witness, if you look at that chart, you'll see there is a
	6	time frame of March to May 1998. Is that the time frame
	7	where this command structure was in place?
	8	A. Yes.
	9	Q. All of the information in this chart was provided by you
14: 50: 01	10	to the Prosecution staff in the preparation of this
	11	document?
	12	A. Yes.
	13	Q. You've already told us that Denis Mingo was a field
	14	commander.
14: 50: 17	15	A. Yes.
	16	Q. If we look at the chart on the right, there's a box with
	17	a number of individuals in there. Can you explain to the
	18	Court who those people were.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: Please, we would prefer that this document
14: 50: 34	20	goes in evidence before we start going into the details.
	21	Would you, at this stage, want to tender, learned
	22	counsel?
	23	MR HARRISON: I can do that right now.
	24	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, please, you better do before we go into
14: 50: 43	25	the details.
	26	JUDGE THOMPSON: Learned counsel?
	27	MR JORDASH: I've got no objection to that course of action.
	28	JUDGE THOMPSON: All right. Learned counsel for the second
	29	accused?

	1	MR NICOL-WILSON: No objection, Your Honour.
	2	JUDGE THOMPSON: Learned counsel for the third?
	3	MR CAMMEGH: Nor me, thank you.
	4	JUDGE THOMPSON: All right, the document on command structure
14: 51: 08	5	will be received in evidence and marked Exhibit 9, is it?
	6	MR WALKER: Yes, Your Honour.
	7	JUDGE THOMPSON: Exhibit 9
	8	[Exhibit No. 9 was admitted]
	9	MR HARRISON:
14: 51: 35	10	Q. In the top right corner of that chart, there's a box with
	11	a number of individuals in it. Could you please explain
	12	to the Court who those people were and what function they
	13	fulfilled?
	14	A. Yes. We have Brigadier General Morris Kallon of the RUF.
14: 51: 55	15	He was responsible for creating obstacle to the movement
	16	of ECOMOG troops along the Makeni to Kono highway.
	17	Colonel CO Isaac of RUF, he is the support commander
	18	responsible for heavy artillery; Colonel Komba Gbundema
	19	of RUF; Major Kailondo of RUF. They were all standby RUF
14: 52: 33	20	fighters.
	21	Q. What do you mean by the term "standby fighters"?
	22	A. Well, we call them standby fighters, because they are on
	23	the waiting in case anything or injury or sickness is
	24	has occurred to any other commander, they would take his
14: 52: 59	25	place.
	26	Q. Directly below the box of Denis Mingo, you'll see the one
	27	with the name of Brima?
	28	A. Yes.
	29	Q. Can you explain the function of the field commander 2?

1	A.	Alex Tamba Brima, alias Gullit, was the field commander 2.
2		In Gullit's absence Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara takes over the
3		place of Gullit, and he was also a G4 logistics
4		commander.
14: 53: 49 5	Q.	What does a field commander 2 do?
6	A.	The field commander 2 is in charge of coordinating the
7		operations between the troops and the field commander 1.
8	Q.	On the left side of the chart you'll see a box with the
9		first name of Brigadier Abdul Sesay. Could you please
14: 54: 30 10		explain who those individuals are in that box and what
11		function they fulfilled?
12	A.	You have Brigadier Abdul Sesay, Brigadier Woyoh,
13		Brigadier Momoh, alias Gutsy [phonetic], all these are
14		standby SLA officers. Standby, I mean, they are there in
14: 55: 00 15		case of any casualty on senior officers or sickness.
16		They will take care of command responsibility.
17	Q.	Just below that box and slightly to the right of it
18		there's a box with the name "Rambo" in it, and just
19		beside that box to the right of it is another box with
14: 55: 26 20		the name "Bangura" in it which you've already described.
21		Can you please tell the Court about those two boxes and
22		the functions those individuals served.
23	Α.	Rambo of the RUF was the operations commander, and also
24		Brigadier Hassan Papa Bangura, alias Bomb Blast, who is
14: 55: 59 25		an SLA, was also operations commander. These two would
26		jointly in planning of operations for the battalions.
27	Q.	And below the name of "Rambo" there's another box with
28		"Captain Junior Marvin". Could you please explain to the
29		Court who that person was and what role they fulfilled?

:	1 A.	Captain Junior Marvin was an SLA soldier and he is the
2	2	operation commander 2. When the two joint operation
:	3	commander meet, RUF Rambo and Brigadier Hassan Papa
2	4	Bangura, alias Bomb Blast, they come together and
14: 56: 59	5	whatever decision is taken, it would be pass on to
(6	Captain Junior Marvin, who is the operation commander 2,
	7	and he will implement it to the battalions.
8	8 Q.	When you refer to the battalions, is that the line or the
:	9	group of boxes just below Captain Junior Marvin?
14: 57: 21 1	0 A.	Yes.
1	1 Q.	Can you explain to the Court the individuals named, who
12	2	they are, and the roles they played?
1:	3 A.	Yes. Lieutenant Salifu Mansaray, alias Tito was an
14	4	SLA was a battalion commander 1 of Mamudu village.
14: 58: 01 1	5	Lieutenant Savage is also an SLA commander battalion 2 at
10	6	Tombodu village. Lieutenant Arthur, who is an RUF,
17	7	commander battalion 3 Sokobeh village. Lieutenant Busuwa
18	8	[phonetic] of the RUF commander battalion 4 road to
19	9	Bunumbu.
14: 58: 50 2	0 Q.	These locations of Mamudu, Tombodu, Sokobeh and the road
2	1	to Bunumbu, where are they?
22	2 A.	They are all on the outskirts of Koidu Town.
23	3 Q.	And according to this chart, under each of these
24	4	battalion commanders, there was a deputy; is that right?
14: 59: 15 2	5 A.	Yes.
20	6 Q.	Can you advise the Court of who those deputies were and
2'	7	what their function was?
2	8 A.	Yes. The deputy the deputy for Battalion 1, the
29	9	deputy commander's name is unknown to me. Battalion 2,

	1		the deputy is Staff Sergeant Alhaji, who was an SLA.
	2		Deputy 3 is Staff Sergeant Edward Williams, who was an
	3		SLA. Deputy 4 Staff Sergeant Saidu Kambulai, aka Baski,
	4		who was an SLA.
15: 00: 21	5	Q.	I'm going to take you back to the right side of the
	6		chart. You'll see a box with the name Colonel FAT Sesay
	7		in it; do you see that?
	8	A.	Yes.
	9	Q.	Could you tell the Court who that person was and what
15: 00: 35	10		function he served?
	11	A.	Colonel FAT Sesay is an SLA and he was the commander G1
	12		operations and administration.
	13	Q.	And the person directly below, what function who was
	14		that person and what function did he serve?
15:01:08	15	A.	Santigie Kanu, alias Five-Five, he too is an SLA. He was
	16		the commander G5, civilians and abductees.
	17	Q.	And the person in the box to the right of that, can you
	18		indicate who that person was and the function he served?
	19	A.	Brigadier General Bio, he is an SLA. He was the
15:01:41	20		commander of the medical hospital.
	21	Q.	And there is another box just below Brigadier General
	22		Bio. Who was that person and what function did he serve?
	23	A.	Lieutenant George, he was an SLA commander 2 to the
	24		medical.
15: 02: 11	25	Q.	Now, this command structure came into effect at the
	26		conclusion of this second meeting in Koidu that you've
	27		di scussed?
	28	A.	Yes.
	29	Q.	Were any promotions given at this meeting?

1 A. Yes. 2 0. Were those promotions confirmed or approved by anyone? 3 A. The promotions were confirmed by the field commander who 4 was Denis Mingo, alias Superman. 15:02:58 5 Q. Who did Superman report to? 6 Superman reports directly to Sam Bockarie, alias A. 7 Mosquito. 8 And who did Bockarie report to? Q. 9 MR JORDASH: Well, Your Honours, I've -- excuse me. I've let 15:03:31 10 various questions go past, but I think it is getting 11 beyond a -- it is getting serious. My learned friend 12 should ask the question: "Did Sam Bockarie report to 13 anybody", not "who did he report to?" The same goes for 14 Denis Mingo. They are leading questions on issues of 15:03:53 15 great importance, command structure, the very basis on 16 which the Prosecution accuse Mr Sesay of various crimes. 17 That's my objection. 18 MR HARRISON: I'm prepared to accept that criticism. 19 JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, thank you. 15:04:14 20 MR HARRISON: 21 Q. Did Mingo report to anyone? Denis Mingo reports to the -- Denis Mingo reports to 22 A. 23 Mosquito. Q. And did Mosquito report to anyone? 24 15:04:52 25 A. I cannot say. 0. Do you know the radio call signals of various commanders? 26 A. Yes. 27 Q. Which commanders do you know the radio call signals of? 28 29 A. One, Denis Mingo, alias Superman, his call sign was -- at

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1	first he used the call sign Equaliser and later then
2	changed it to Time Bomb. Two, Brigadier Morris Kallon,
3	call sign he used was Exterminator. Issa Sesay his call
4	sign he used was Vulture.
15:06:25 5	PRESIDING JUDGE: Vulture.
6	THE WITNESS: Vulture. Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara used the call
7	sign of Dark Angel. Alex Tamba Brima used the call sign
8	of Godfather. Hassan Papa Bangura used the call sign as
9	Bomb Blast. Santigie Kanu, alias Five-Five, used the
15:07:57 10	call sign as Chuku [phonetic].
11	PRESIDING JUDGE: Chu what?
12	THE WITNESS: Chuku.
13	PRESIDING JUDGE: Chuku.
14	THE WITNESS: Yes. Foday Bah Marah used the call sign as
15: 08: 41 15	Bulldoze. I could remember these call signs only.
16	PRESIDING JUDGE: The last call sign?
17	THE WITNESS: Foday Bah Marah, call sign Bulldoze.
18	PRESIDING JUDGE: Bulldoze?
19	THE WITNESS: Bulldoze.
15:09:19 20	PRESIDING JUDGE: Oh, Bulldozer. I thought he was saying full
21	dose. I say a full dose of what was he taking? Not
22	Bulldozer, just Bulldoze?
23	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
24	JUDGE THOMPSON: Proceed, counsel.
15: 09: 43 25	MR HARRISON:
26	Q. At this point in time, which is at the time of the second
27	meeting or shortly thereafter, do you know if there were
28	radio communications between Superman and other
29	commanders?

	1	A.	The only radio communication I knew of between Superman
	2		and Mosquito was the radio communication that was sent to
	3		Superman that Kono should be defended, whilst Superman
	4		should send some men to collect arms and ammunition at
15: 10: 39	5		Kai l ahun.
	6	PRESI	DING JUDGE: So the radio communication was between
	7		Superman and Mosquito?
	8 '	THE V	WITNESS: Sam Bockarie, yes, Mosquito.
	9	Q.	Do you know when this communication took place?
15:11:27	10	A.	No.
1	1	Q.	Do you know what arms were referred to?
1	12	A.	They were the team was going to collect more
1	13		particularly 7.62 millimetre rounds, some boxes of
1	14		grenade and some boxes of rocket-propelled grenade bomb,
15: 12: 09 1	15		the RPG bomb. These three I could remember that was
1	16		sent.
1	17	Q.	Were there any other meetings at Koidu?
1	8	A.	No.
1	9	Q.	Do you know if civilians were recruited at Kono in this
15: 12: 42 2	20		time period?
2	21	A.	No.
2	22	Q.	Do you know if there was forced recruitment at this time
2	23		period?
2	24	A.	No.
15: 12: 53 2	25	Q.	Do you know if there was looting at Koidu in this time
2	26		period?
2	27	A.	No.
2	28	Q.	Do you know if diamond mining was taking place in Koidu
2	29		in this time period?

	1	A. No.
	2	Q. Was there any military operations conducted at Kono?
	3	A. Yes.
	4	Q. Tell the Court about that or those military
15: 13: 55	5	operations.
	6	A. The first military operation that was held in Kono was an
	7	ambush on the Nigerian troops leading to Sewafe from
	8	Makeni.
	9	MR CAMMEGH: I'm sorry, could we have the spelling of that
15: 14: 25	10	last location, please.
	11	THE WITNESS: Sewafe.
	12	MR HARRISON: I think on the map you'll see it as S oh,
	13	sorry.
	14	JUDGE BOUTET: Can you point on the map just next to you?
15: 14: 49	15	MR CAMMEGH: Your Honour, I think it is S-E-W-A-F-E, if I've
	16	got the right place.
	17	THE WITNESS: Yes, exactly, S-E-W-A-F-E.
	18	MR HARRISON:
	19	Q. Who led that operation?
15: 15: 16	20	A. The operation was led by Lieutenant Savage, Battalion
	21	Commander 2, who was stationed at Tombodu.
	22	Q. What was the purpose of that operation?
	23	A. The purpose of the operation is an ambush on the ECOMOG
	24	troops trying to come to Koidu Town, so that we can get
15: 15: 45	25	arms and ammunition, including uniforms.
	26	Q. Do you know what happened during that operation?
	27	A. During the operation I did not go on the operation, but
	28	on the arrival back to Koidu Town, the operation

29 commander came with lots of arms and ammunition, military

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1		uniforms, lots of magazines and food to Koidu Town. So I
2		believe the operation went on successfully.
3	Q.	How long were you in Kono?
4	A.	We were in Kono for a month and a half.
15: 17: 31 5	Q.	And when you left Kono, where did you go?
6	A.	We went to a village called Mansofinia.
7	Q.	Why did you leave Kono?
8	A.	We left Kono because we couldn't gain control over Kono
9		when the ECOMDG forces penetrated into Kono.
15: 18: 24 10	Q.	During the time that you were in Kono, did you see
11		diamond mining taking place?
12	A.	No.
13	Q.	Were you present when mining matters were discussed by
14		commanders?
15: 19: 00 15	A.	No.
16	Q.	On that map can you, perhaps, indicate where Mansofinia
17		is, on the map behind you,
18	A.	Yes, yes. Yes, I could.
19	Q.	Perhaps you can just indicate to the Court, is there
15: 19: 44 20		another community that it is near?
21	A.	Pardon?
22	Q.	Is there a larger community nearby to Mansofinia?
23	A.	Yes, you have Krubola close to Mansofinia and you have
24		Kondea close to Mansofinia.
15: 20: 11 25	Q.	When you went to Mansofinia, who did you go with?
26	A.	I went to Mansofinia with Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara, Alex
27		Tamba Brima, Brigadier Five-Five, Brigadier Woyoh,
28		Brigadier Abdul Sesay. Those were the High Commands that
29		I went with to Mansofinia from Kono.

Did everyone from Kono go to Mansofinia?

1 Q.

	2	A.	No.
	3	Q.	Who did not go?
	4	A.	Most of the RUF fighters did not go with us to
15: 21: 14	5		Mansofinia. The majority that went to Mansofinia were
	6		SLA soldiers and just a few RUF boys, about 20 of them
	7	Q.	Why was Mansofinia selected as the place to go to?
	8	A.	Because we wanted to reach SAJ Musa and join him at his
	9		own camp in Krubola.
15: 21: 56	10	Q.	And did you do that?
	11	A.	On our arrival at Mansofinia, High Commanders went to
	12		Krubola, 9 miles from Mansofinia, to meet SAJ Musa and
	13		when they reach SAJ Musa, SAJ Musa told the commanders
	14		that the troops should stop at Mansofinia and wait there
15: 22: 44	15		for further instructions.
	16	Q.	Did those instructions ever come?
	17	A.	Yes.
	18	Q.	Tell the Court what they were.
	19	A.	There was a meeting held at Krubola when SAJ Musa had to
15: 23: 04	20		tell the High Command of the Mansofinia fighting team who
	21		was Alex Tamba Brima, alias Gullit, that we should
	22		restructure the fighters, put them into battalions and we
	23		should start moving into the jungle, going towards
	24		Bombali. And when we reach Bombali, we must find a
15: 23: 32	25		suitable place to open a camp.
	26	Q.	Do you know where Mingo went?
	20	ષ•	
	20 27	ч. A.	Mingo went Mingo was at the outcast of Koidu, whilst
		•	

Mingo was? 1 2 A. No. 3 Q. When was it you arrived at Mansofinia? Pardon? 4 A. 15:24:21 5 Q. When it was that you arrived at Mansofinia? 6 A. I couldn't remember the date, but it was in the month 7 of -- early May 1998. 8 Were any civilians abducted on the way to Mansofinia? Q. 9 A. I did not see civilians abducted, because I had -- we had 15:25:06 10 a vehicle that we used to pass through the main road, 11 whilst the other troops passed on the bypass footpath. 12 But on my route I passed through, I did not see any 13 civilian abducted. 14 Q. Was there any looting on the way to Mansofinia? 15:25:35 15 A. No, I did not see any. Q. I'm going to ask you, witness, if, with a blue 16 17 highlighter pen, if you could mark the route, on the map that is attached to the wall, as far as Mansofinia for 18 19 us, please. I would just ask if you could remember to 15:26:07 20 remain seated or crouch down when you do so? 21 A. Say again, please, the question. 22 Q. If you could indicate with a blue highlighter pen, the 23 route you took from Koidu to Mansofinia? 24 A. Yes [marks]. 15: 27: 44 25 0. Thank you. When you left Koidu, who was the commander at 26 Tombodu? 27 A. It was Savage. Q. And at that time what were his rank and his position? 28 29 A. He was lieutenant and he was a battalion commander,

	1		Battalion 2 that was deployed at Tombodu.
	2	Q.	Do you know when he or the period of his command at
	3		Tombodu?
	4	A.	Yes.
15: 28: 17	5	Q.	Can you tell the Court what it was?
	6	A.	Say again.
	7	Q.	When did Savage become the commander at Tombodu?
	8	A.	Savage become the battalion commander at Tombodu, because
	9		he was appointed to go there by the field commander, who
15: 28: 41	10		was Denis Mingo, alias Superman.
	11	Q.	When was he appointed?
	12	A.	He was appointed during the second meeting, which was the
	13		command structure meeting in Koidu Town.
	14	Q.	And how long did he remain the commander there?
15: 29: 00	15	A.	He remain there as commander until we pulled out from
	16		Koidu. He was there as commander and he stayed there and
	17		operate with the RUF.
	18	Q.	During this time period, who did Savage report to?
	19	A.	He reports directly to Denis Mingo.
15: 29: 24	20	Q.	Did you go to Tombodu when you were at Koidu?
	21	A.	Yes.
	22	Q.	How often did you go?
	23	A.	I did go there two times a week.
	24	Q.	How were civilians treated at Tombodu?
15: 29: 49	25	A.	Civilians at Tombodu were badly treated.
	26	Q.	Explain to the Court what you mean by that.
	27	A.	When the Commander Savage, who was at Tombodu, if at all
	28		a civilian commits an offence I mean, an offence, when
	29		a civilian is asked to carry an ammunition box or to

1	carry looted items, if the civilian does not do that, he
2	might be killed, or minimum punishment for that would be
3	flogging publicly.
4	Q. Did you see that happen?
15: 30: 48 5	A. Yes, on two occasions. We left Koidu Town in the evening
6	to drink palm wine at Tombodu. I witnessed on two
7	occasions Savage flogging civilians mercilessly. And the
8	second occasion was that he killed up to 200 civilians
9	when we were pulling out from Koidu.
15: 31: 45 10	Q. Tell court about this incident where you
11	PRESIDING JUDGE: 200 civilians in Tombodu?
12	THE WITNESS: In Tombodu.
13	JUDGE BOUTET: It was 200 civilians in Tombodu when you were
14	pulling out of Koidu?
15: 32: 03 15	THE WITNESS: Yes.
16	MR HARRISON:
17	Q. Tell the Court about this incident of seeing the 200
18	civilians killed; where it was, when it happened?
19	A. At the time the ECOMDG troops took over Koidu, we pulled
15: 32: 22 20	out to Mansofinia and the route to Mansofinia we had to
21	pass through Tombodu. On our arrival at Tombodu, we saw
22	a lot of dead bodies in a pit at the right-hand side
23	entering Tombodu Town. And in this pit were lots of dead
24	bodies, some killed with machetes, some with gunshots,
15: 33: 03 25	some were flogged 'til they died, and they were all
26	packed inside the pit, which is now called the Savage
27	Pit. And when we passed through, I saw five dead bodies
28	in front of the Court Barri in Tombodu before we passed
29	Tombodu to continue to Mansofinia.

	1	Q.	Do you know why these people were killed?
	2	A.	Yes. When ECOMDG troops were advancing from Sewafe to
	3		Koidu Town, Savage was one of the commanders fighting
	4		back the ECOMOG troops from coming in Koidu Town, but
15: 34: 29	5		unfortunately for us, the ECOMDG troops forced their way
	6		into Koidu Town whilst we all pulled out from Koidu Town.
	7		On Savage way to his deployment at Tombodu, civilians
	8		were jubilating, because when they saw Savage and his men
	9		coming, they were all dressed in ECOMDG uniforms and they
15: 35: 00	10		all had ECOMDG badges on them. So the civilians thought
	11		these people were ECOMDG, so they were jubilating and
	12		when Savage reach their points from Koidu, all the
	13		villages from Koidu up to Tombodu abducted all the
	14		civilians that jubilated for ECOMDG and took them to
15: 35: 29	15		Tombodu and there they were killed and placed in the pit.
	16	JUDG	E BOUTET:
	17	Q.	Witness, I just want to make sure I hear what you're
	18		saying, that when Savage was retreating back from Koidu
	19		to Tombodu, he and his troops were dressed in $\ensuremath{ECOMDG's}$
15: 36: 14	20		combat?
	21	A.	Yes.
	22	Q.	They had uniforms and flags and so on of ECOMDG?
	23	A.	Yes.
	24	Q.	And badges?
15: 36: 29	25	A.	Yes.
	26	JUDG	E BOUTET: Thank you.

- 27 MR HARRISON:
- 28 Q. You referred to another incident involving flogging. Can
- 29 you tell the Court about that?

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1	A.	Yes. As I earlier on said, at Tombodu their punishments
2		that Savage gives to civilians, the maximum punishment is
3		flogging if a civilian does not carry arms and
4		ammunition, or if a civilian is caught stealing, then he
15: 37: 13 5		will be punished by public flogging. And the amounts of
6		flogging that he should or she should receive is 200 cuts
7		and above.
8	Q.	What types of things were civilians stealing?
9	A.	Pardon?
15: 37: 51 10	Q.	What types of things were civilians stealing?
11	A.	Well, the common things for civilians to steal at that
12		time is food, because food they hadn't got the access
13		to get sufficient food for themselves.
14	Q.	Do you know of any other acts of violence committed by
15: 38: 30 15		Savage or his men in Tombodu?
16	A.	I believe those are the only acts I could talk of.
17	Q.	When you referred to this incident of the 200 civilians,
18		which commanders were you with at the time?
19	A.	I was with Alex Tamba Brima, Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara,
15: 39: 26 20		Santigie Kanu, Abdul Sesay, Hassan Papa Bangura. Those
21		are the High Commands that I was with.
22	Q.	And at that time, who were the commanders of Kono?
23	А.	It was Denis Mingo, aka Superman.
24	Q.	Did Savage go to Krubola?
15: 40: 07 25	Α.	Yes, later I had heard that he went to join Brigadier
26		Mani at Krubola.
27	Q.	Do you know when that was?
28	Α.	No.
29		[HS121004E 4.45 p.m.]

	1	Q.	From Mansofinia, did you travel some other location?
	2	A.	From Mansofinia, we went to find a camp at the Bombali
	3		District, which would end up getting Camp Rosos.
	4	Q.	And why did you do that?
15: 41: 03	5	A.	We decided to go and get a camp at the Bombali District,
	6		because we are authorised by SAJ Musa to go ahead Bombali
	7		District and get a camp there.
	8	Q.	At that time what role did SAJ Musa have?
	9	A.	At that time he was the commander commanding all SLAs in
15: 41: 39	10		the northern jungle.
	11	Q.	Were there any meetings at Kurubonla?
	12	A.	There was only one meeting at Krubola. That is to
	13		restructure the fighting force at Mansofinia before
	14		moving to locate the Camp Rosos.
15: 42: 10	15	Q.	And at that time who was the overall commander?
	16	A.	SAJ Musa was the overall commander at that time.
	17	Q.	And who was his deputy?
	18	A.	His deputy was Alex Tamba Brima.
	19	Q.	Were any missions carried out around Kurubonla?
15: 42: 38	20	A.	No.
	21	Q.	Upon leaving Mansofinia, what route did you take?
	22	A.	Upon leaving Mansofinia, we came back to a village called
	23		Yarya, which is the village of Alex Tamba Brima. When we
	24		reached that village, we left there late in the evening
15: 43: 09	25		and took to the jungles.
	26	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Learned counsel, I just have one observation
	27		to make before you continue. And that is that $I^{\prime}m$ asking
	28		myself the question as to maybe the relevance of some
	29		aspects of this cross-examination, because Alex Tamba

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1	Brima is not standing trial here, Bazzy Kamara is not
2	standing trial here. True enough, you know, there is an
3	interrelationship; I know what you're doing, you know.
4	But I think if we can focus on the relevance of this
15: 43: 48 5	trial, we'll move, you know, faster. I know there is
6	there is spill over, you know, from one to the other and
7	so on and so forth. But if we could focus on the main
8	issues that concern the trial and these accused persons
9	here, I think we would move faster. Without, of course,
15: 44: 13 10	some diversions which would clarify the situation the way
11	you are wanting you are doing it. That's the only
12	remark. You know, this said, you can proceed.
13	MR HARRISON: Thank you.
14	MR JORDASH: Sorry to jump up. I just wanted to say at this
15: 44: 29 15	stage, Your Honour, that for the Defence part we are
16	interested in the activities of such characters as Brima
17	and the like, as part of our case involves exploring what
18	they did.
19	PRESIDING JUDGE: I have made the point, you know.
15: 44: 49 20	MR JORDASH: I just wanted to say [Overlapping speakers]
21	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, yes, I know that there is a connection,
22	you know, but we should not lose the focus on the main
23	issues. But perfectly he is entitled, you know, to bring
24	in issues that concern other accused persons provided,
15: 45: 06 25	you know, they are relevant to the trial which is
26	concerned. Yes, you can proceed, please.
27	MR HARRISON:
28	Q. I'm just going to ask the witness to continue on with the
29	route that you took. I think you've already said that it

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	1	was to Camp Rosos; is that right.	
	2	Yeah.	
	3	And you first went to Yarya, Gullit's home village?	
	4	Yes.	
15: 45: 37	5	And describe for the Court the route after that?	
	6	The route after that was in the jungle, we use footp	aths.
	7	And most of the villages along that side are not	
	8	conversant to me that well. But the only villages I	
	9	could remember after Yarya, is when we crossed to Ma	ıkeni ;
15: 46: 05	10	Kamabai Highway into Karina; and from Karina to Batk	anu;
	11	Batkanu to Rosos.	
	12	During that trip were civilians abducted?	
	13	Yes.	
	14	And what happened to those civilians?	
15: 46: 30	15	Those civilians that were abducted before moving	on
	16	the jungle, the footpaths, all civilians whoever we	l ay
	17	our hands on, should	
	18	CAMMEGH: I apologise for interrupting. Your Honour,	these
	19	are places that, in the context of the case against	Gbao,
15: 47: 00	20	I am not, I'm afraid, terribly familiar with. And I	
	21	wonder if that route could be repeated and spelt out	:, SO
	22	I can be made aware of where exactly we're talking a	ıbout
	23	on the way to Camp Rosos, thank you.	
	24	R HARRISON: If it's any assistance, my intention was to	have
15: 47: 19	25	the witness go through it orally and then actually t	race
	26	it on the map with the blue marker.	
	27	CAMMEGH: That would be sufficient, thank you. I didn	ו ' t
	28	realise you were going to do that.	
	29	HARRI SON:	

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1	Q.	Perhaps we could just continue on. You've taken us
2		through Yarya, Karina, Batkanu or Batkanu. Could you
3		please continue on and perhaps somewhat slowly in stating
4		the names of the places you passed through?
15: 47: 44 5	A.	Initially I told you that most of the villages I cannot
6		recall by their names, but the villages that I knew and
7		conversant to me was when we crossed through to Makeni;
8		Binkolo Highway, went straight to Karina; and from
9		Karina, Matehun; from Matehun, Batkanu; Batkanu and
15: 48: 18 10		Rosos. Those are the names I could recall.
11	Q.	Witness, if you'd be so kind would you try to trace that
12		route that you took, from Mansofinia to Camp Rosos, on
13		the map now with the blue highlighter?
14	A.	Yes. [Marks]
15: 51: 12 15	Q.	Thank you. We will pass the map round so the Defence
16		counsel can look at it at their leisure, but perhaps it
17		could just remain where it is for the time being. You
18		have indicated that there was abductions of civilians
19		during this trip; is that right?
15: 51: 28 20	A.	Yes.
21	Q.	Can you say how many civilians were abducted?
22	A.	Civilians abducted on the route to Camp Rosos were plenty
23		of them. I cannot give a specific number, but they were
24		thousands.
15: 51: 49 25	Q.	And for what purpose were they abducted?
26	A.	They were abducted, one, because in the jungle route they
27		civilians, strong men, are the ones we use to show us
28		the routes which will be safer for us not to encounter
29		ECOMDG troops or enemy persons. Two, they were abducted

	1	for them to carry arms and ammunitions, looted
	2	properties, and if even a commander is sick, he cannot
	3	walk, he will carry the commander. That's all I could
	4	say.
15: 52: 49	5	Q. Were children abducted?
	6	A. Children were abducted, but occasionally.
	7	Q. And were these children trained?
	8	A. Yes.
	9	Q. What were they trained for?
15: 53: 09	10	A. They are trained to be combatants.
	11	Q. And do these combatants have a name?
	12	A. All abductees underage that are trained to fight, they
	13	are called the SBU, Small Boy Unit.
	14	Q. During the trip to Camp Rosos, do you know how many of
15: 53: 38	15	these SBUs were abducted?
	16	A. I only knew the number when we reached Camp Rosos, when
	17	the training programme started.
	18	Q. And what was the number?
	19	A. The number the total number all of those that were
15: 54: 04	20	trained were 526.
	21	PRESIDING JUDGE: Children?
	22	THE WITNESS: No, mixed: Children, adults and women.
	23	MR HARRISON:
	24	Q. Of the 520, do you know how many of those were children?
15: 54: 37	25	A. I can't give a specific number, but the children were
	26	they were up to 30, between 30, 35 children, and we had
	27	6 female, and the rest are all adults.
	28	JUDGE BOUTET:
	29	Q. In the group of 35 you had 6 female in that group, that's

- 1 what you mean?
- 2 A. No.
- 3 Q. It was 35 boys and 6 females?
- 4 A. Yes.

15: 55: 18 5 Q. Underage?

- 6 A. Underage.
- 7 JUDGE BOUTET: Okay.
- 8 MR HARRISON:
- 9 Q. What age range are you talking about when you refer to
- 15: 55: 32 10 these children?
 - 11 A. They are between 8 to 14 years.
 - 12 Q. One of the villages or towns you mentioned going through
 - 13 was Karina; is that right?
 - 14 A. Karina, yeah.
- 15:56:00 15 Q. What happened at that village?
- 16 A. Before reaching Karina, there was an order passed by the 17 commander of the troops, who was Alex Tamba Brima, to all 18 commanders that Karina is the home town of the president 19 of this country, Dr Alhaji Ahmed Tejan Kabbah, so Karina 15: 56: 37 20 must be burned down to the ground, and there should be 21 more amputations done there, and more killings done 22 there, and that no one should abduct anyone from Karina 23 to follow us to Camp Rosos. Q. 24 And what happened at Karina?
- 15:57:13 25 A. We reach Karina at night, at about 12 midnight. On
 arrival at Karina there was gunshots by some OSD
 personnels that were deployed there. And cause of that
 gunshots, Bazzy, who was the commander to Gullit, said
 the gunshots was shot against us by OSD personnels that

are deployed in Karina. So a lot of
MR CAMMEGH: Sorry, what personnels? Can I hear that again,
pl ease?
THE WITNESS: OSD personnels. A lot of killing was done in
Karina. Burning of people in houses, burning of people
in mosques, killing all small children, killing ladies,
and the whole town was nearly burnt down before we passed
through Karina to Camp Rosos.
MR HARRISON:
Q. Can you estimate the number of people who were killed at
Karina?
A. I cannot estimate, but it was more than a hundred.
Q. Did anything happen to children at Karina?
A. Yes. There were children who were badly killed, children
were killed at the age of three years, even children at
the age of six months were killed. Had one soldier there
by the name of Cyborg, who will take these children up to
a high building, and from that high building he will hang

- 19 them outside and just drop them. So a lot of people --
- 16:00:21 20 JUDGE THOMPSON: What is -- can you repeat that, the name of
 - 21 the?

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- $\mathbf{22}$ THE WITNESS: Cyborg.
- 23 JUDGE THOMPSON: How do you spell that?

THE WITNESS: S-Y-G-B-O-R. That is his alias name. His real 24 16:00:39 25 name is Aldebaline. Aldebaline.

- 26 JUDGE THOMPSON: Spell for us.
 - THE WITNESS: A-L-D-E-B-A-L-I-N-E, Aldebaline. 27
 - JUDGE THOMPSON: Said he would do what? 28
 - 29 THE WITNESS: He would take some numbers of children - like

1		10, 20 - go up three-storey building or two-storey
2		building, right up, and he will hang them like that and
3		leave them to fall down from the building to the ground.
4	Q.	Were people burned in Karina?
16:01:53 5	А.	Yes.
6	Q.	Tell the Court what happened.
7	A.	Before entering Karina I was with some other fighters,
8		like Edward Williams, Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara, and there was
9		a house that Edward Williams went into the house, met
16: 02: 33 10		some people in there I cannot say the number because I
11		did not go with him in the house; I was outside, standing
12		with Bazzy. Went in the house, took the carpet on the
13		ground, wrapped it on the people he met in the house.
14		There was a Mercedes Benz parked outside, close to the
16: 02: 59 15		house. He took fuel from the Mercedes, sprinkled it
16		right round the house, and place it on blaze on fire,
17		with the people being wrapped inside the carpet. And
18		outside was Eddie Maf, Captain Blood – those I recollect
19		their names. There were others around, but I cannot
16: 03: 36 20		recollect their names. Standing outside holding their
21		rifles, that anybody runs out of the fire will be shot
22		inside the fire again. That I saw myself.
23	Q.	How many houses were burned at Karina?
24	Α.	I cannot give a specify [sic] number, but I could see
16:04:12 25		half of Karina was burnt down.
26	Q.	How many villages sorry, how many villages did you
27		attack on the way to Camp Rosos?
28	A.	The villages were many that we passed through, and in
29		each village we passed through, once somebody is caught

	1		there, he will be taken with us as an abductee.
	2	Q.	Was there any burning at those villages?
	3	A.	Some villages were burnt down, but some we passed through
	4		without no burning.
16: 05: 05	5	Q.	If a civilian resisted abduction, what happened?
	6	A.	He will be killed.
	7	Q.	Did that happen?
	8	A.	At that point it did not happen there, but at Camp Rosos,
	9		whilst the training was going on for the abductees, two
16: 05: 37	10		tried to escape, and one made his way - he went away, and
	11		the one that was captured was killed publicly before the
	12		other trainee trainers.
	13	Q.	You mentioned that you went to Mateboi?
	14	A.	Mateboi, yes.
16: 06: 10	15	Q.	What happened there?
	16	A.	At Mateboi when we were at Rosos, a team of fighters
	17		were sent to Mateboi, because we had information at Rosos
	18		that there are civilians at Mateboi. So Gullit sent a
	19		team to Mateboi to invite all the civilians to come to
16: 06: 39	20		Camp Rosos to join us. But on the arrival of the first
	21		team that went, they came back to the camp and they told
	22		Gullit that the people said they are not going to join
	23		anybody.
	24		And the second team was sent, which was commanded by
16: 07: 06	25		Lieutenant Arthur, who is an RUF. When he went to
	26		Mateboi, I did not go with the team; I was at Camp Rosos.
	27		But on their arrival, they came with the head, saying
	28		that was the chief of Mateboi, because of he refuse his
	29		people to come and join us. And a lot of killing was

	1		done there. The head was brought publicly to the camp
	2		and shown to Alex Tamba Brima.
	3	Q.	Did you go to Batkanu?
	4	A.	Batkanu, I passed through there to go on the
16: 08: 02	5		Makeni/Lunsar Highway on ambushes.
	6	Q.	What was the purpose of the ambushes?
	7	A.	The purpose of the ambushes was for us to get military
	8		fatigues and arms and ammunition from any military
	9		vehicle plying that route.
16: 08: 35	10	Q.	And were you successful in doing so?
	11	A.	Yes.
	12	Q.	On how many occasions?
	13	A.	I went on the ambush once. After we turned back to Camp
	14		Rosos other fighting teams were sent out, which I did not
16: 09: 06	15		go with, like to Gbinti.
	16	Q.	I'm sorry, perhaps you should repeat that name again.
	17	A.	Gbinti, Gbinti.
	18	Q.	Were there forced marriages at Camp Rosos?
	19	A.	Pardon?
16: 09: 32	20	Q.	Were there forced marriages at Camp Rosos?
	21	A.	Well, at this point at Camp Rosos I would say yes,
	22		because on our way from Mansofinia to Camp Rosos, ladies
	23		were abducted and they were forcefully given to husbands.
	24		So I believe that is forceful marriage.
16: 10: 04	25	Q.	How frequently did that happen?
	26	PRES	IDING JUDGE: In what what time was this? Ladies were
	27		abducted where?
	28	THE	WITNESS: Well, as initially I said, most of the villages
	29		on that route I'm not conversant to me. But from

	1	Mansofinia, where we started our movement, to Camp
	2	Rosos during that journey girls were abducted, but
	3	PRESIDING JUDGE: From Mansofinia?
	4	THE WITNESS: From Mansofinia to Camp Rosos, along the way.
16: 10: 43	5	But I could not remember the names of the towns.
	6	MR HARRISON:
	7	Q. How frequently did this
	8	PRESIDING JUDGE: Abducted and given to?
	9	JUDGE THOMPSON: Shall we you put the answer to that
16: 11: 11	10	question.
	11	THE WITNESS: Girls [Overlapping speakers]
	12	JUDGE THOMPSON: Were abducted.
	13	THE WITNESS: were abducted.
	14	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes.
16: 11: 16	15	JUDGE THOMPSON: And given?
	16	THE WITNESS: They are forcefully given to other fighters, who
	17	took them as their wives.
	18	JUDGE THOMPSON: Continue, counsel.
	19	MR HARRISON:
16: 11: 44	20	Q. How frequently did this happen?
	21	A. It happened until when SAJ Musa came to join us at Major
	22	Eddi e Town.
	23	Q. Can you estimate, for the Court, how many women were
	24	abducted and in a forced marriage?
16: 12: 09	25	A. As I said, I cannot give a specified number, but there
	26	were plenty, more even more than hundred.
	27	JUDGE THOMPSON: I'm a little in a difficulty here, because my
	28	own record seems to be saying that girls were abducted

29 and forcefully given to other fighters. In your question

1	you said "how many women were". Are you making a
2	distinction between that?
3	MR HARRISON: I was and I apologise.
4	JUDGE THOMPSON: That's okay.
16: 13: 03 5	MR HARRISON: I thank you for drawing that to my attention.
6	JUDGE THOMPSON: Right, yes.
7	MR HARRISON:
8	Q. Witness, let me ask you, using different words, can you
9	estimate how many girls were abducted and placed in a
16: 13: 17 10	forced marriage?
11	A. There are plenty, that's why I said that hundred
12	[inaudible] that. I cannot give a specific number, but
13	there are plenty and they are more than hundred.
14	MR HARRISON: Your Honour, the
16: 13: 42 15	JUDGE THOMPSON: One hundred girls.
16	THE WITNESS: Yes.
17	JUDGE THOMPSON: Right, okay. More than 100 girls. Thank
18	MR HARRISON: Presiding judge, I'm not sure if you wish to
19	take an afternoon break. If you don't I'm quite content
16: 14: 03 20	to continue on right now.
21	PRESIDING JUDGE: Pardon?
22	MR HARRISON: If the Court is wishing to take an afternoon
23	break this would be a convenient time. If not, I'm
24	prepared to
16: 14: 09 25	PRESIDING JUDGE: You can continue, though I have my eyes on
26	the clock. I have my eyes on the clock.
27	
28	,

29 MR HARRISON:

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Were abductions taking place around Camp Rosos?

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Q.

A.

No.

- 3 Q. The persons who you say were trained, what were they trained for? 4 16: 14: 43 5 A. They were trained to fight alongside with -- with the 6 troops at Camp Rosos. 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: So they were trained as soldiers? 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. 9 MR HARRISON: 16:15:13 10 Q. Did people try to escape from Camp Rosos? 11 A. Yes. 12 Q. Did anything happen to those people? 13 A. Yes. 14 0. What happened? 16: 15: 21 15 A. Two trainee tried to escape. Only one made his way went away, and the other one that was caught was publicly 16 17 executed in front of the other trainees. 18 Q. And how was he executed? 19 A. He was executed by the cutting of his throat with the 16: 15: 57 20 machete. 21 Q. At Camp Rosos were there different punishments for 22 different offences? 23 MR JORDASH: Sorry to -- this is a bit of delayed objection, 24 I'm afraid. Well, less of an objection; more of a point 16: 16: 18 25 of clarification. 26 JUDGE THOMPSON: Right, let's hear it then. 27 MR JORDASH: The witness has given evidence about there being 28 a hundred abducted girls.
 - 29 JUDGE THOMPSON: Girls, yes.

	I MR JORDASH: I'm concerned that the term "girls" has not been
:	2 defined.
:	3 JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, cause the difficulty was [Overlapping
	4 speakers]
16: 16: 38	5 PRESIDING JUDGE: At a certain stage he said women, you know.
(6 MR JORDASH: Exactly.
	7 JUDGE THOMPSON: Well, yes. In fact, I think that's the
:	8 this is something that I would like clarified, because
!	9 learned counsel for the Prosecution did, in his
16: 16: 49 1	0 subsequent question, say "how many women", so there is
1	that lack of precision there, whether his evidence
1	2 relates only to girl abductees, and that is very
1	3 important.
14	4 MR JORDASH: Yes.
16: 17: 09 1	5 JUDGE THOMPSON: But I imagine that at some point in time
10	b learned counsel will revisit that and see if he can
1	7 clarify that for us.
18	3 MR JORDASH: Certainly. Because what I'm concerned about is
19	9 that each person in this room may have a different
16: 17: 25 2	definition of what girl is and what women is.
2	I JUDGE THOMPSON: Of course, certainly. Of course, it is a
22	2 matter of mixed law and fact, too.
2:	3 MR JORDASH: Yes.
2	4 JUDGE THOMPSON: But the evidence the foundation has to be
16: 17: 36 2	5 laid factually as to whether we're talking about girls or
2	6 women before we, at some later stage, apply a knowledge
2	7 of the law as to who is a girl and who is a woman.
28	3 MR JORDASH: Exactly, thank you.
2	9 JUDGE THOMPSON: That's my own concern.

	1	MR HARRISON: There's no time like the present.
	2	PRESIDING JUDGE: [Overlapping speakers] cannot even tell
	3	us, you know, by his normal estimations, you know.
	4	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, but I'm sure, in the ordinary run of
16: 18: 04	5	things, this witness would know who a woman is and a girl
	6	is. Quite right. We need that kind of factual
	7	foundation to enable us to apply the law at some later
	8	stage.
	9	MR HARRISON: And now is the right time to sort it out.
16: 18: 18	10	JUDGE THOMPSON: Proceed, counsel.
	11	MR HARRISON:
	12	Q. Witness, my understanding is that you said
	13	PRESIDING JUDGE: [Overlapping speakers] break.
	14	MR HARRISON: Sorry?
16: 18: 31	15	JUDGE THOMPSON: After sorting that out then
	16	PRESIDING JUDGE: After sorting that out you'll earn your
	17	break.
	18	JUDGE THOMPSON: you'll earn your long deserved break.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: Get girl, though, Mr Harrison.
16: 18: 42	20	MR HARRISON:
	21	Q. Witness, you've indicated that girls were abducted and
	22	placed in forced marriages; do you recall that?
	23	A. Yeah.
	24	Q. Please explain to the Court what you understand by the
16: 18: 56	25	term "girls". What age are you referring to?
	26	A. I'm referring to the age between 15 to 25.
	27	Q. If I ask you the question were women abducted and placed
	28	in forced marriages; can you say if that happened?
	29	A. Yes, women, too, were abducted, but not as much as the

- 1 girls.
- 2 Q. And, to close off this point, what do you mean in terms
- 3 of age --
- 4 JUDGE THOMPSON: By women.
- 16: 19: 51 5 MR HARRISON: -- by women?
 - 6 JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes.
 - 7 THE WITNESS: Well, I would take the age of the women that
 - 8 were abducted from 25 to 35.
 - 9 JUDGE THOMPSON: By women I mean 25 to 35 years of age.
- 16: 20: 17 10 THE WITNESS: To 35, yeah.
 - 11 JUDGE THOMPSON: By women I mean 25 to 35 years of age.
 - 12 MR HARRISON:
 - 13 Q. In terms of numbers of women, can you assist the Court in
 - 14 telling them how many women were abducted and placed in

16: 20: 40 15 forced marriages?

- 16 JUDGE THOMPSON: Learned counsel, I'm sure we'll be content
- 17 with about.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: About, yes.
- 19 MR HARRISON: Yes, of course, an approximate.
- 16:20:53 20 THE WITNESS: As I said, I still say I don't know the actual 21 number, but it's over a hundred.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: No, no. Women. Say women this time; not
 - 23 girls.
 - 24 THE WITNESS: Women?
- 16:21:10 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, about how many women from your age --
 - 26 JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, your age categorisations -- [Overlapping
 - 27 speakers]
 - 28 THE WITNESS: Well, I cannot give -- I cannot give --
 - 29 JUDGE THOMPSON: About. About; not exactly.

1	THE WITNESS: I'm not too sure. I'm not sure.
2	JUDGE THOMPSON: Right. But, of course, you had said also
3	that they were not as many as the girls. Cause I have
4	you down as saying that
16: 21: 38 5	THE WITNESS: Yes.
6	JUDGE THOMPSON: women too were abducted, but they were not
7	as many as the girls.
8	THE WITNESS: There's not as many as the girls, but for me to
9	say
16: 21: 49 10	JUDGE THOMPSON: No, I'm not pressing you at all. I'm just
11	trying to make sure that I get your evidence correctly.
12	PRESIDING JUDGE: So for the girls you maintain your evidence
13	that there might be about a hundred?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes.
16: 22: 05 15	JUDGE BOUTET: So when you gave the number about 100 you were
16	talking of girls only, not including what you have
17	described as women?
18	THE WITNESS: Yes.
19	JUDGE BOUTET: Okay, thank you.
16: 22: 27 20	PRESIDING JUDGE: Are you through with that, Mr Harrison?
21	MR HARRISON: That was the last question for that particular
22	topi c.
23	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. I wanted to find out if Mr Jordash,
24	you know, is satisfied with that categorisation.
16: 22: 39 25	MR JORDASH: Very, thank you.
26	PRESIDING JUDGE: I think we could now visit our break and
27	resume in the next couple of minutes. Mr Harrison, I
28	hope you have no objection to that suggestion.

29 MR HARRISON: I'll reflect upon it and report back.

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1 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. The Court will rise. 2 [Break taken at 4.26 p.m.] 3 [HS141004F 4.56 p.m.] PRESIDING JUDGE: 4 Mr Harrison. 5 MR HARRISON: Thank you. 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: You may proceed, please. MR HARRISON: 7 Q. Just before the break I was going to ask you about your 8 9 knowledge of the type of punishments that were handed out for various offences at Camp Rosos. Can you assist the 10 Court in that? Can a tell the Court about that? 11 12 Yes. [Microphone not activated] -- laws were made by high A. 13 command, that was Alex Tamba Brima, and these laws was 14 sent to all battalions and the law says stealing 15 government properties -- government properties, I mean, 16 and arms and ammunition, medicines, if any fighter is 17 caught stealing these two items must be executed. And 18 also another law was made for abductees; that any 19 abductees that tries to run away must be executed. And for minor stealing, like stealing food, clothes and other 20 21 minor things, it's public flogging, 200 cuts and above. 22 Q. Was there any punishment for rape? 23 A. There was punishment for rape, but until when SAJ Yes. 24 Musa joined us and he made the law of rape, if a soldier 25 is caught raping a woman forcefully, he must be executed. How long were you at Camp Rosos? 26 Q. A. We are at Camp Rosos? 27 We are at Camp Rosos for two months to two and a half 28 A. 29 months.

1 Q. Did you leave Camp Rosos? 2 A. Yes. 3 Q. Can you assist the Court in when you left Camp Rosos? A. Well, I couldn't give the right dates, but we left Camp 4 5 Rosos and we went to the Kambia axis, a town unknown to 6 me, they call it Major Eddie Town. 7 Q. And we will deal with Major Eddie Town in just a moment, 8 but why did you leave Camp Rosos? JUDGE THOMPSON: Did he say that was in Kambia? Did you say 9 10 Kambi a? THE WITNESS: Yes, Kambia District. 11 12 JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, thank you. 13 MR HARRISON: 14 0. Why did you leave Camp Rosos? 15 A. We left Camp Rosos because the camp was located by the 16 ECOMDG troops and the jets came and flew above the camp, 17 dropped some bombs and it happened to kill one of our 18 signaller by the name of Bah. So, because of that, we 19 had to move the camp from Camp Rosos further to the Port 20 Loko Kambia border. 21 Q. I am going to have you go to the map in just a moment, 22 but before you do so can you try to explain, as clearly 23 as you can and as slowly as you can, the route you took 24 to Major Eddie Town? 25 A. Major Eddie Town it's not a long distance to from Camp 26 As I earlier on told you, because of the war, I Rosos. 27 went to the those places. So the names of the villages 28 are not known to me. What is known to me from Camp 29 Rosos, when we moved there, we went to a place called

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- 1 Major Eddie Town. 2 Q. The map that is behind you, are you familiar with that 3 map? A. Yes. 4 5 Q. Have you used those maps in the past? A. Yes, I have been using the shell map in the jungle. 6 7 Q. And when were you using that map? 8 A. I used it when I was operation commander at the west side 9 j ungl e. PRESIDING JUDGE: When he says, "I used it," is he referring 10 11 to this particular one? 12 THE WITNESS: The shell map. 13 JUDGE BOUTET: Shell. 14 MR HARRISON: He is referring to a copy of that map. 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: A copy of this map? MR HARRISON: 16 17 Q. I would ask if you would indicate on the map by placing 18 an X where Major Eddie Town is located. 19 A. Yes. Q. I will give you a blue pen to do so. Not that 20 21 highlighter I will give you a blue ball point pen. I'm sorry, it's black. If you could put an X where Major 22 23 Eddie Town is located. But before you do that -- no 24 please, go ahead and do that. 25 A. [Witness complies] 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Has he marked the town? 27 MR HARRISON: There is an X and I was wondering if the 28 witness --
- 29 PRESIDING JUDGE: Let him put his finger on the X, please.

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1	Put your finger on.
2	A. [Witness complies]
3	THE WITNESS: Just close to the Little Scarcies.
4	JUDGE THOMPSON: Okay.
5	THE WITNESS: Coming back close to Camp Rosos and the town
6	right up the Little Scarcies is called Mabu [phonetic].
7	MR HARRISON:
8	Q. Witness, I would ask you, if you would, perhaps just
9	below the X, put the initials "MET", which I think we
10	would all understand as being letters indicating Major
11	Eddie Town. Could you put MET just below the X?
12	JUDGE BOUTET: Do we find this name on the map?
13	JUDGE THOMPSON: No, it's not on the map.
14	JUDGE BOUTET: Okay.
15	PRESIDING JUDGE: It's not on the map.
16	MR HARRISON: No.
17	JUDGE THOMPSON:
18	Q. Can you locate it near the Little Scarcies river?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Where about that where is it near the Little Scarcies
21	river, near Manga Ferry.
22	A. Well, go up. Let me say, you can see Kukuna.
23	Q. Yes, I can see that.
24	A. Well from Kukuna coming right down you have Konta, right
25	down.
26	Q. Yes.
27	A. Can you locate Konta?
28	PRESIDING JUDGE: Konta, yes.
29	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, I have seen Konta.

on

1	THE WITNESS: You have the Little Scarcies.
2	JUDGE THOMPSON: That's the Little Scarcies river.
3	THE WITNESS: Just after the Little Scarcies river.
4	JUDGE THOMPSON: River.
5	THE WITNESS: This river
6	MR HARRISON: It's just on the
7	THE WITNESS: This area is where Major Eddie Town is.
8	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes, it's some distance away from Mambolo.
9	THE WITNESS: Exactly.
10	JUDGE THOMPSON: Below Mambolo.
11	THE WITNESS: Yes. You see it's right down.
12	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes.
13	THE WITNESS: [Inaudible] Batkanu. Mateboi, Rosos and
14	[inaudible]. Just close to Deili. Can you see Deili c
15	your map? D-E-I-L-I.
16	JUDGE THOMPSON: Yes.
17	THE WITNESS: Well, a few inches above there, there is the
18	area of Major Eddie Town.
19	PRESIDING JUDGE:
20	Q. How do you spell the town?
21	A. Well, the town, it was given that name because we
22	had
23	Q. Pronounce it slowly. What is the pronunciation?
24	A. Major.
25	Q. Yes.
26	A. Eddi e.
27	Q. Eddie Town.
28	A. Town.
29	Q. Okay. That's all right.

1	А.	Okay.
2		RRI SON:
3	Q . 1	Perhaps, witness, I could ask you to take the blue
4		highlighter and trace the route that you took from Rosos
5	1	to Major Eddie Town.
6	A. [Witness complies]
7	Q.	How many people were at Major Eddie Town?
8	A.	Major Eddie Town was the headquarter of the whole troops.
9		And I would say it would consist of a battalion to take
10		care of the security of the camp, and each battalion had
11	:	520 armed men strong. And there were families also at
12		the headquarter of Major Eddie Town. So I would give an
13	:	approximate number, 900 to a 1,000 people.
14	Q .	Were people killed at that camp?
15	A .	Yes. Yes.
16	Q. 7	Tell the Court about who was killed.
17	A. (On our arrival at Major Eddie Town there were some
18		abductees that were referred to as witch and they were
19		arrested. Some of these people arrested had five girls
20	,	with them and they were impaled, beaten and later they
21		were cut into pieces and thrown into the Little Scarcies.
22	PRESI	DING JUDGE: And thrown into?
23	THE W	ITNESS: The Little Scarcies; the river.
24	JUDGE	THOMPSON: Did you say they were alleged to be witches?
25	THE W	ITNESS: Yes.
26	MR HA	RRI SON:
27	Q.	How many people were killed in this way?
28	A .	There were up to 13 in number.
29	Q .	Approximately how old were they?

1 A. Between the ages of 18 to 30. 2 0. These people were all female? 3 A. Females, six females. Q. 4 Perhaps you could -- the question was, were these people 5 all female? No, there were only six females among the 13. 6 A. 7 Q. Did SAJ Musa come to Major Eddie Town? 8 A. Yes. 9 Q. Why did he come there? 10 On his arrival at Major Eddie Town, he said he was chased A. 11 by the RUF from his base at Kurubonla. So it's like he 12 escaped and came over to Major Eddie Town. 13 Q. When he arrived there, were people under arrest? 14 A. Yes. 15 0. And upon his arrival, what did SAJ Musa do? 16 A. Upon his arrival -- when he came he tried to restructure 17 again the battalions, because he came with him some other 18 fighters that came with him to Major Eddie Town. 19 Q. How many fighters? There were 126 fighters, excluding families and abductees 20 A. 21 he came with. When did SAJ Musa arrive in Major Eddie Town? 22 Q. 23 A. He arrived at Major Eddie Town, the dates not known to 24 me, but was it on September 1998. 25 Q. Was a meeting held at Major Eddie Town? 26 A. Yes. 27 Q. What was discussed at the meeting? On his arrival first -- the first meeting that was 28 A. 29 discussed was about the brigadiers all under house

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1 arrest. And the second meeting was to tell everybody 2 that he is planning to come to Freetown on an invasion 3 and we should try to do that before the RUF. Q. 4 The first thing you talked about was brigadiers under 5 house arrest. Before we go forward, could you just 6 explain to the Court what you mean by that? 7 A. Yes. We had our high command, who was Alex Tamba Brima, 8 next to him was Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara, and Five-Five, 9 Santigie Kanu, alias Five-Five. We had Woyoh, we had 10 Biyoh, we had Abdul Sesay. These were all Honourables 11 and members of the 16 men that made the group. So in the 12 jungle they all were brigadier generals. So leading to 13 the arrest, the troops -- the morale of the troops was 14 going too low, because they were not planning any 15 operational order -- given any operational orders. So we 16 decided to hold onto them and put them under house arrest 17 until the arrival of SAJ Musa. And that was done. 18 Q. Did a radio signaller come with SAJ Musa? 19 A. Yes. Who was that? 20 Q. 21 A. Gio Marvin [phonetic] was the operational commander at 22 that time. After the arrest of these generals, he called 23 SAJ Musa and explained to him and SAJ Musa replied that 24 they should be under house arrest till he reached our 25 loc. The question was, did a radio signaller come with SAJ 26 Q. 27 Musa? **Pardon?** 28 A.

29 Q. Did a radio signaller come to Major Eddie Town with SAJ

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1		Musa?
2	A.	Yes.
3	Q.	Who was that?
4	A.	He was Alfred Brown of the Revolutionary United Front;
5		RUF.
6	Q.	Do you know why he was there?
7	A.	No.
8	Q.	Was an operational plan made by SAJ Musa at Major Eddie
9		Town?
10	A.	Yes.
11	Q.	Was that plan made at a meeting?
12	A.	It was made on a meeting that was attended by all
13		battalion commanders.
14	Q.	Tell the Court what the plan was?
15	A.	The plan was that we should go and attack Kukuna for us
16		to get more arms and ammunition to start the invasion to
17		Freetown.
18	Q.	Was there an attack on Kukuna?
19	A.	Yes, of course.
20	Q.	What happened?
21	A.	Kukuna was attacked and the commander was Colonel O-Five
22		that when went to the troops. We attacked Kukuna and it
23		was successful. We had a large amount of arms and
24		ammunition and we also had a Guinean prisoner of war, who
25		was a signaller, that we brought with us to Major Eddie
26		town.
27	Q.	How was that Guinean prisoner of war treated?
28	A.	He was not treated badly, because we needed him to be and
29		monitoring the communications between the Guineans

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1		whenever they tried to talk their native languages. And
2		he will translate it to us. So he was properly taken
3		care of.
4	Q.	And how long was he held a prisoner?
5	A.	He was held a prisoner till the operation to Freetown and
6		back to west side, and I came with him and hand over him
7		to the formal [sic] Vice-President Tembe [phonetic]. I
8		released him to him
9	Q.	At the mission to Kukuna, were any people killed?
10	A.	Yes. I saw with my own eyes two Guinean soldiers that
11		were killed and houses he had burnt, and also I saw two
12		small children and a lady lying on the floor. We saw
13		same gunshots wounds, but they are dead.
14	Q.	Were there later missions after Kukuna?
15	A.	Yes.
16	Q.	Where were they to?
17	A.	We had another mission to Pendembu. But I did not go on
18		mission to Pendembu.
19	Q.	When you left Major Eddie Town, how many men amongst them
20		were from the RUF?
21	A.	Say again the question, please.
22	Q.	When you left Major Eddie Town, how many of the persons
23		were members of the RUF?
24	A.	We only had Alfred Brown and few low ranking RUF boys
25		with us that I earlier on said were up to 30.
26	Q.	Did SAJ Musa leave commanders behind in Kurubonla when he
27		came to Major Eddie Town?
28	A.	Yes.
29	Q.	Who were those people?

A.	Brigadier Mani was left there. Liberian Buple [phonetic]
	who was aiding the STF was left there. And later,
	Superman of the RUF came to join Brigadier Mani at
	Kurubonla. Those are all the commanders I could remember
	that were there.
Q.	Do you know when Superman of the RUF joined with Mani at
	Kurubonl a?
A.	I don't know the date he joined, but on my own
	understanding, I believe Superman went to Kurubonla
	because there was a plan to attack Makeni.
Q.	I will return to that later, but I am going to take you
	now towards Freetown. What were the groups instructions
	on moving to Freetown?
A.	The instructions that were given to the fighters for
	SAJ Musa were on our arrival to Freetown they had
	targetted people. One, the policemen; two, Nigerian
	soldiers; three, Nigerian civilians, and all
	collaborators of the SLPP government. They were all
	targetted people being instructed by SAJ Musa, the
	commander, that when we come to Freetown these people
	should be killed.
Q.	Why were these people the targets?
A.	Well, to my own knowledge, like the SLPP collaborators,
	policemen, Nigerian civilians, Nigerian soldiers, they
	were all looked as enemies to our movement.
Q.	We are first of all going to trace this route to Freetown
	orally, later I will ask you to trace it on the map. But
	if you could just start out from Major Eddie Town, where
	Q. A. Q. A.

did you go?

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1	Α.	From Major Eddie Town we passed through Mange. Excuse
2		me, across the Little Scarcies, Mange, passed through the
3		two bridges. Diverted left into the jungle. Went
4		through the jungle and we came down to Lunsar.
5	Q.	Let me stop you at Lunsar for the moment, I think that
6		can be located on the maps before counsel and the Court.
7		You say you went to Mange.
8	A.	Yes.
9	Q.	Did anything happen there?
10	A.	In Mange when we reached Mange it was at night, 1.00
11		a.m. in the morning. All the shops along the route of
12		Mange were burnt down and we crossed over, because we
13		just crossed through the main road we are in haste to go
14		through the bridges for us not to be countered by ECOMDG.
15	Q.	Why were they burnt?
16	A.	Those houses were burnt because we are coming in a large
17		number, some people are still behind. But normally in
18		the jungle we locate directions through burning.
19	Q.	You said you went to Lunsar; is that right?
20	A.	Yeah.
21	Q.	Did anything happen at Lunsar?
22	A.	Yes. On our arrival at Lunsar, we did not occupy the
23		town of itself, Lunsar. We went to occupy a jungle very
24		close to Lunsar and from that jungle it seemed more
25		sensible to attack Lunsar at night. And we had captured
26		a civilian who had told us that he had brought two trucks
27		of uniforms, boots, logistics, for ECOMDG troops in
28		Lunsar. So on that information a troop was sent to
29		attack Lunsar and Lunsar was attacked and all the

	1		logistics that was brought for ECOMDG was captured from
	2		them and it killed one RSM soldier who was a Nigerian
	3		ECOMDG soldier, and also all the pharmacies at Lunsar
	4		were looted because of medicines.
	5	Q.	Were there radio sets at Lunsar?
	6	A.	Yes. On the attack on Lunsar there are six radio VHS
	7		sets captured.
	8		[HS141004G 5.32 p.m.]
	9	Q.	What was done with those radio sets?
17: 34: 49	10	A.	The radio sets were brought to SAJ Musa and, on receiving
	11		them, he had to distribute them to all battalions for
	12		proper coordination.
	13	Q.	At that time, how many battalions were there?
	14	A.	At that time we had six battalions.
17: 35: 16	15	Q.	Where did you go next?
	16	A.	From Lunsar we went next, crossed over the Gberi Bridge
	17		where we met some Kamajors deployed, but they were fast
	18		asleep at night in the palm huts where they were the
	19		palm huts, so they were overrun, and those that were
17: 35: 49	20		sleeping in the palm huts were all killed, and we crossed
	21		over the bridge and diverted to a village in the jungle.
	22	Q.	Does that village have a name?
	23	A.	It must have a name, but I don't know the name of the
	24		village.
17: 36: 17	25	Q.	And the bridge you say you crossed, perhaps you could say
	26		the name of that bridge again, but slightly slower.
	27	A.	Gberi Bridge.
	28	Q.	Is the spelling G-B-E-R-I?
	29	A.	Yes.

	1	Q.	Why were the Kamajors killed?
	2	A.	They were killed, because on the routes coming to
	3		Freetown we believe Kamajors, they are fighting against
	4		the rebels, so they were taken as enemies.
17: 37: 11	5	Q.	Where did you go to next?
	6	A.	Soon we cross over the bridge, went to a village, rested
	7		the whole day. At night we started the walk. We walk
	8		and bypassed Masiaka, came to attack RDF and Mile 38 the
	9		same night and we went into the jungle again for a rest.
17: 37: 42	10	Q.	Let me just pause you there. "RDF", please tell the
	11		Court what that means.
	12	A.	The RDF means rapid deployment force. It was a unit in
	13		the army that was located at that point in the days of
	14		the NPRC regime.
17: 38: 07	15	Q.	Where was it located?
	16	A.	On the main highway between Mile 38 to Masiaka.
	17	Q.	Does Mile 38 have another name?
	18	A.	The other name for Mile 38 is called Magbuntoso.
	19	Q.	If there's no objection, perhaps I can assist by spelling
17: 38: 32	20		that out. Tell me if I'm wrong. Is Magbuntoso spelt
	21		M- A- G- B- U- N- T- U- S- 0?
	22	A.	Yes no, M-A-G-B-U-N-T-O-S-O.
	23	Q.	I've been corrected. Tell the Court what happened there
	24		at the RDF base.
17: 39: 30	25	A.	RDF base, reached there at night about 11.00 p.m. On our
	26		arrival we met ECOMDG troops, OSD personnels and
	27		Kamajors. So the camp was attacked and we overrun the
	28		camp. There were some ladies that were captured in the
	29		camp that came from Freetown, and they were fiancees of

	1		the ECOMDG soldiers that were at RDF. But on this
	2		operation SAJ had initially passed an order that he needs
	3		no more abductees to join us. So in the capture of these
	4		guys, when we were ready to leave Magbuntoso, the RDF,
17: 40: 36	5		back to our camp, these guys were killed, and there were
	6		four of them.
	7	Q.	Where were they killed?
	8	A.	They were killed right in front of the RDF office
	9		rapid deployment force office.
17: 40: 56	10	Q.	Were ECOMDG soldiers there?
	11	A.	No ECOMOG soldier I saw killed. The oversea officers
	12		also was killed and brought to SAJ Musa.
	13	Q.	Why was he brought to SAJ Musa?
	14	A.	Because SAJ Musa wanted to get some information from him,
17: 41: 44	15		because he was not totally dead. So he wanted to get
	16		some information from him, but he couldn't. Then he
	17		di ed.
	18	Q.	What did you do next?
	19	A.	Next, we organised another fighting force back to hit
17: 42: 17	20		Masi aka.
	21	Q.	And what was the purpose of attacking Masiaka?
	22	A.	The purpose of attacking Masiaka was we wanted to have
	23		more arms and ammunition to come to Freetown on the
	24		invasion.
17: 42: 43	25	Q.	Were there any abductions from Masiaka?
	26	A.	No.
	27	Q.	Do you know when SAJ Musa's birthday is?
	28	A.	If I could remember, it's the 17th of November.
	29	Q.	Does that assist you in estimating for the Court when

	1		this attack on Masiaka took place?
	2	A.	No. The attack on Mile 38 took place on SAJ's birthday,
	3		which was on 17 November. That's how I could remember,
	4		but Masiaka I couldn't tell you?
17: 43: 52	5	JUDG	E BOUTET: Which attack did you say was on 17 November?
	6	THE	WITNESS: The one at Magbuntoso.
	7	MR H	ARRI SON:
	8	Q.	And is your evidence that the attack on Magbuntoso was a
	9		few days prior to the attack on Masiaka?
17: 44: 10	10	A.	Yes, after attacking Magbuntoso, two days went back to
	11		attack Masiaka.
	12	Q.	Did you remain in that area for a while?
	13	A.	No.
	14	Q.	What happened next?
17: 44: 45	15	A.	After attacking Masiaka, transported all arms and
	16		ammunition captured, we moved straight to Newton and we
	17		were in Newton for a while.
	18	Q.	Can you tell the Court where Newton is in relation to
	19		Freetown?
17: 45: 21	20	A.	Newton is just the outcast of Freetown, after Waterloo on
	21		the highway to Masiaka.
	22	Q.	On the trip to Newton was there looting taking place?
	23	A.	No, because Newton was already a ghost town there was
	24		nobody there.
17: 46: 04	25	Q.	Were houses burned in Newton?
	26	A.	No.
	27	Q.	How long did you stay at Newton?
	28	A.	Three days.

29 Q. Witness, I'm going to ask if you could take the time now

	1		to indicate on the map with the blue highlighter the
	2		route you took from Major Eddie Town to Newton.
	3	PRESI	DING JUDGE: Learned counsel, you may sit down while he's
	4		tracing. When you continue with your examination, you
17: 47: 44	5	MR HA	RRI SON: Thank you.
	6		[Witness traces route to Newton in blue highlighter]
	7	MR HA	RRI SON:
	8	Q .	Were you able to trace your route to Newton?
	9	Α.	Yes.
17: 50: 39	10	Q.	Perhaps while you have the pen in your hand, it might be
	11		convenient if you were to circle Rosos on the map to make
	12		it somewhat easier for counsel to see it. [Witness marks
	13		map as requested]. Thank you.
	14		How long were you at Newton?
17: 51: 08	15	A.	For three days.
	16	Q .	Was there a meeting there?
	17	Α.	Yes.
	18	Q .	What was the purpose of the meeting?
	19	A .	The purpose of the meeting was to restructure the
17: 51: 24	20		fighters, put all those that don't belong into battalion,
	21		put them into battalion and all orders were given to
	22		commanders all their responsibility areas on our
	23		arrival in Freetown.
	24	Q.	Please tell the Court what you mean by "responsibility
17: 51: 51	25		areas".
	26	Α.	All battalions had their battalion commanders and, when
	27		we reached Freetown, each battalion has an assignment, or
	28		I would say has a particular vicinity where his battalion
	29		should take care of.

	1	Q. Was this allocation of duties discussed at the meeting?
	2	A. Yes.
	3	Q. Do you know which battalion had which duty?
	4	A. Yes.
17: 52: 41	5	Q. Would you please indicate for the Court what they were?
	6	A. The 1st Battalion, the commander was Salifu Mansaray aka
	7	Tito, was responsible for the Pademba Road prisons; the
	8	Government Broadcasting Station, SLBS; the Brookfields
	9	Hotel, the former headquarters of the Kamajor. That was
17: 53: 20	10	the 1st battalion's own responsibility of assignments.
	11	And the 2nd Battalion the 2nd and the 4th the 2nd -
	12	the 3rd battalion was responsible for the Government's
	13	wealth.
	14	PRESIDING JUDGE: What was the 2nd? We went from the 1st to
17: 53: 58	15	the 3rd. What was the 2nd?
	16	THE WITNESS: The 2nd and the 4th Battalion is responsible for
	17	security around the State House and the central parts of
	18	Freetown. That's the 2nd and the 4th, and the 3rd
	19	Battalion was responsible for the Government's wealth.
17: 54: 31	20	The 5th battalion was responsible for the King Tom Power
	21	Station and the whole of King Tom, and the 6th Battalion
	22	was responsible for the Queen Elizabeth key ports.
	23	MR CAMMEGH: Sorry, could I have the 5th again, please.
	24	THE WITNESS: Pardon?
17: 54: 59	25	MR HARRISON:
	26	Q. Could you please repeat the duty for the 5th of the
	27	5th Battalion?
	28	A. The 5th Battalion I said again was responsible for the
	29	King Tom power station and the whole of the King Tom

	police barracks.
Q.	Was a command structure put in place at this meeting?
A.	Yes.
PRES	IDING JUDGE: And the 6th you mentioned the 6th. The
	6th was
THE	WITNESS: The 6th battalion was to take care of the Queen

7 Elizabeth key port.

- 8 MR HARRISON:
- 9 Q. Was a command structure put in place at this meeting?
- 17:56:16 10 Yes. A.

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- Q. You have assisted members of the Prosecution Office in 11 12 preparing a command structure for Newton.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 0. I'd ask if the document with the heading "Command

17:56:31 15 structure - Newton" could be put before the witness.

- 16 [Document placed before witness]
- 17 Is that a copy of the document that you assisted the 18 Prosecution Office in preparing?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 17: 57: 04 20 Q. Did you provide all of the information contained in that 21 document --
 - 22 A. Yes.
 - 23 Q. -- to members of the Prosecution Office?
 - 24 A. Yes.
- 17:57:13 25 0. And is all that information correct and accurate?
 - 26 A. Yes.
 - 27 0. It's my request that this document be admitted as the
 - next exhibit. I'm then going to take the witness through 28
 - 29 the command structure, but perhaps you wish to hear from

my friends first.

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	2	MR JORDASH: No objection, Your Honours.
	3	JUDGE THOMPSON: Mr Williams?
	4	MR WILLIAMS: Your Honour, no objection.
17: 57: 38	5	MR CAMMEGH: Nor from me, thank you.
	6	JUDGE THOMPSON: There being no objection, the document will
	7	be received in evidence, and marked as Exhibit 10.
	8	[Exhibit No. 10 was admitted]
	9	MR HARRISON:
17: 58: 05	10	Q. At the top centre of the chart there's a box for Major
	11	General SAJ Musa; is that correct?
	12	A. Yes.
	13	Q. He was the field commander; is that correct?
	14	A. Yes.
17: 58: 15	15	Q. And to the left of that box there's one for Major Elguma;
	16	do you see that?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. Could you please explain his role and that of the other
	19	people in that box?
17: 58: 27	20	A. Major Elguma, he was the head of the communications, and
	21	under him you have Captain Stone, Lieutenant American
	22	they are all signallers.
	23	Q. And the box just below that has Brigadier Woyoh in there.
	24	Can you explain his role and that of the other people in
17: 58: 57	25	the box?
	26	A. Brigadier Woyoh, Brigadier Abdul Sesay, Major Muchunga
	27	Balanga Sesay, Alfred Brown these people were standby
	28	officers. In case there is an injury in any commander,
	29	they will take the place of the injured commander.

	1	Q.	And in the box directly below that of Major General
	2		SAJ Musa, you'll see one with the name Brigadier Alex
	3		Tamba Brima; do you see that?
	4	A.	Yes.
17: 59: 34	5	Q.	Can you explain the role of Brigadier Alex Tamba Brima?
	6	A.	Brigadier Alex Tamba Brima aka Gullit, he was the second
	7		in command to SAJ Musa.
	8	Q.	And directly below Gullit is Ibrahim Bazzy Kamara?
	9	A.	Yes.
18: 00: 06	10	Q.	What was his role?
	11	A.	He was in charge he was the G4 logistics commander,
	12		and he takes care of arms and ammunition and all
	13		logistics for the operation.
	14	Q.	And in the branch going to the left of Brigadier Alex
18:00:30	15		Tamba Brima, you'll see a box with Brigadier-General
	16		Bangura; do you see that?
	17	A.	Yes.
	18	Q.	What was his role?
	19	A.	Brigadier-General Hassan Papa Bangura aka Bomb Blast, he
18: 00: 48	20		was the director the operation director.
	21	Q.	And below the two the two boxes below that of Bangura
	22		are for which persons and what role do they have?
	23	A.	We have Colonel 05. He's the operation commander 1. And
	24		you have Lieutenant Colonel Marvin, operation commander
18:01:15	25		2. But these two worked jointly and reported to
	26		Brigadier-General Hassan Papa Bangura alias Bomb Blast.
	27	Q.	The meaning of the box "joint command" just below that is
	28		to indicate that Colonel 05 and Lieutenant Colonel Marvin
	29		worked together?

1	A.	Yes.
2	Q.	And below them is six battalions?
3	A.	Yes.
4	Q.	And you've indicated the areas of responsibility. Could
18:01:52 5		you explain the role played by the commanders of each of
6		those battalions?
7	A.	The 1st Battalion is Major Salifu Mansaray aka Tito and
8		his 2IC his deputy is Captain MTL Sesay. The 2nd
9		Battalion, Major Fasuluku aka Rhino. He's the commander
18: 02: 26 10		of the 2nd Battalion. His deputy is Captain Alhaji
11		Kamanda aka Gunboots. The 3rd Battalion the commander
12		of the 3rd Battalion is Major Zedem Sidike. Deputy to
13		him is Captain Hashim. The 4th Battalion, the commander
14		is Major Saidu Kambula aka Baski. Deputy to him is
18: 03: 04 15		Captain Allan. The 5th Battalion commander is Major
16		Tamba Foryo aka Cambodia. Deputy to him is Captain
17		Sheriff. The 6th Battalion commander is Abubakar Kamara
18		aka Pikin. Deputy to him is Captain Born Naked.
19	PRES	SIDING JUDGE: Captain what?
18: 03: 42 20	THE	WITNESS: Born Naked, B-O-R-N N-A-K-E-D - Born Naked.
21	MR H	IARRI SON:
22	Q.	At this time, how large was the fighting force?
23	A.	Pardon?
24	Q.	At this time, at Newton, how large was the fighting
18:03:59 25		force?
26	A.	At Newton, I could estimate the fighting force I would
27		say armed men strong are well up to 3,000 armed men
28		strong.
29	PRES	SIDING JUDGE: How many 15,000?

- 1 THE WITNESS: 3,000.
- 2 MR HARRISON:
- 3 Q. Were there civilians with the fighting force?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 18:04:51 5 Q. What were their numbers, approximately?
 - 6 A. We have unarmed men -- those are there to carry weapons,
 - 7 ammunitions, food. Those, I would say, they are up to
 - 8 2,000 of them.
 - 9 JUDGE BOUTET: And these 2,000 are unarmed?
- 18:05:21 10 THE WITNESS: Unarmed.
 - 11 MR HARRISON:
 - 12 Q. Were these persons abducted?
 - 13 A. Yes.
 - 14 Q. Were they abducted on the trip from Major Eddie Town to
- 18:05:36 15 Newton?
 - 16 A. No, they were abducted on the trip from Mansofinia to
 - 17 Camp Rosos.
 - 18 MR HARRISON: If the Court wishes, this is a convenient time
 19 to end the examination for this afternoon.
- 18:06:09 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: You are going to move to a new subject?
 - 21 MR HARRISON: There will certainly be a break. It is not a
 22 completely new subject, but this subject is going to go
 23 on for a few hours.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: You mean, where we are now is likely to go 18:06:22 25 on for some hours?
 - 26 MR HARRISON: Yes.
 - 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. All right. We take note of the fact
 28 that there were about 3,000 armed men strong; there were
 29 civilians among them to carry their weapons, food and so

1	on, about 2,000, but they were abducted on the way to
2	right. Okay. I think we can conveniently call it a day
3	here. We would rise and resume sitting tomorrow at 9.30.
4	The Court will rise, please.
18: 08: 28 5	[Whereupon the hearing adjourned at $6.05 p. m$, to be
6	reconvened on Friday, the 15th day of October 2004, at
7	9.30 a.m.]
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CERTIFICATE

We, Ella K Drury, Susan G Humphries, and Maureen P Dunn Official Court Reporters for the Special Court for Sierra Leone, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings in the above-entitled cause were taken at the time and place as stated; that it was taken in shorthand (machine writer) and thereafter transcribed by computer, that the foregoing pages contain a true and correct transcription of said proceedings to the best of our ability and understanding.

We further certify that we are not of counsel nor related to any of the parties to this cause and that we are in nowise interested in the result of said cause.

Ella K Drury

Susan G Humphries

Maureen P Dunn

WITNESSES FOR THE PROSECUTION:

WI TNESS:	TF1-167	5
EXAMI NED	BY MR HARRISON	5

EXHI BI TS:

EXHIBIT NO.	6	30
EXHIBIT NO.	7	43
EXHIBIT NO.	8	48
EXHIBIT NO.	10	119